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VOL 29 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1894. NO 9

AN APPEAL ENTERED.

THE COMMISSIONERS TAKE STEPS TO INVESTIGATE THE COUNTY STATEMENT.

The following is the appeal from the county statement as entered by the county commissioners in the court of common pleas:

In the Matter of the Report of the Auditors of the County of Columbia on the Account of John L. Kline, Treasurer of the Said County, and on the Commissioners, Expenses, for which Orders were Issued on the Said Treasurer.

The County of Columbia appeals from the above stated report to the said court.

In witness whereof the Commissioners of Columbia County, the appellant have hereunto set their hands and affixed the seal of the said county, attested by their Clerk at their office in the Town of Bloomsburg this the 26th day of February, 1894.

J. G. SWANK, G. M. IKELER, W. H. UTT, } Commissioners of Columbia Co.

Attest: C. M. TERWILLIGER, Clerk.

The County of Columbia, the apellant, files to the said report the objections following:

1. That John L. Kline, Treasurer of the said county, should be surcharged in the said report with the items following: "Due Bloomsburg on hotel and restaurant licenses, $570.00," and, Due the said county on the said licenses, $142 50," as the same were received and not accounted for by him as treasurer aforesaid.

2. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, should be surcharged in the said report the sum of $804.90 set down in the Report of the Auditors of the said county for the year 1891, as due the State, as the same was received and not accounted for by him as treasurer aforesaid.

3. That John L. Kline, Treasurer of the said county, should not be allowed credit as claimed in the said report for the item following: "Cash advanced by John L. Kline, balance due State, 1892, $32.05," as credit for this item was allowed in the Report of the Auditors of the said county for the year 1892.

4. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, should not be allowed credit for the commissions, to wit: $77,25 claimed in the said report on the share of the license money due the said county as the said credit is in violation of the Act of 9th June, 1891, P. L. 251, relating to the distribution of such money.

5. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, should be surcharged in the said report with the sum of $2300.00, as the same was received and not accounted for by him as treasurer aforesaid, as follows:

Cash on note from Far. Nat. B, $1000.00
" adv. by John L. Kline, 1000.00
" bor. of C. H. Campbell, 300.00

6. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, should not be allowed credit as claimed in the said report for $30.20, commissions to treasurer on sheep orders paid, as the same is in excess of the amount allowed by law.

7. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, should not be allowed credit as claimed in the said report for "Balance due John L. Kline, $133.30," as the said county is not indebted to him.

8. That the commissioners of the said county should not be allowed credit as claimed in the said report, under the head of "Commissioners' Expenses, &c," for the items following: "Balance State tax for 1892, $42.50," and "Balance State tax for 1893, $80,00," and John L. Kline should not be allowed as claimed in the said report any commission on these items.

9. That John L Kline, treasurer of the said county should not be allowed credit as claimed in the said report for commission on the item contained under the heading, "Commissioners' Expenses, etc." "William Kramer, note and interest, $804.00."

10. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, did not at the audit of his account present a clear and full statement of all the moneys with which he is legally chargeable, as treasurer aforesaid.

11. That John L. Kline, treasurer of the said county, did not state his account and produce his vouchers to the present Commissioners of the said county for examination by them, before the same was submitted to the said auditors.

12. General exception.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

J. G Swank, W. H. Utt and G. M. Ikeler, Commissioners of the County of Columbia, being duly sworn according to law, depose and say, that the above appeal is taken on behalf of the said county, and that they believe injustice will be done the said county unless they are permitted to defend the county, and that said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay, and that the foregoing objections to the Report of the Auditors are just and true to the best of their knowledge and belief.

J. G. SWANK, G. M. IKELER, W. H. UTT, } Commissioners of Columbia Co.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 26th day of February, 1894.

G. M. QUICK, Prothonotary.

The Powers of School Boards.

Dr. Nathan C. Schaffer, superintendent of public instruction, in answer to numerous inquiries from teachers and others connected with public schools, has decided that boards of directors in the several townships of the commonwealth have full legal authority to adopt and enforce such reasonable and necessary rules and regulations as they may deem proper as sanitary measures. Dr. Schaeffer says the directors may close the schools temporarily where, in their judgment, it is necessary to do so for the purpose of protecting the children of the community from the dangers incident to the prevalence of contagious and infectious diseases. They may also in certain cases suspend children from precautionary measure.

He further decides that the superintendent of public instruction cannot officially advise when and where boards shall take such action as the directors themselves, knowing all the facts and circumstances governing individual cases are competent to determine such questions for themselves. There is no provision under existing laws for the organization of boards of health in townships and the opinion of Dr. Schaeffer is important just at this time when scarlet fever, diphtheria and other contagious diseases are epidemic in various parts of the state.

FIRE ALARM.

An alarm of fire was sounded Sunday evening about half past seven o'clock. The fire companies and citizens were quick to respond, and rushed to the grocery stand of E. E. Ralston on East street; the fire was in the cellar, and making rapid headway until a stream of water from the plug quenched it. Mr. Ralston had put some coal on the fire and hung his lantern in the cellar way waiting for the fire in the stove to burn a little before putting on more coal. He and other members of the family were talking, when Mrs. Ralston said she heard a roaring noise and smelled smoke. The cellar door was opened and the smoke and fire burst forth. Mr. Ralston hurriedly closed the door and sounded the alarm. Considerable damage was done by the smoke and water. The fire probably originated from the explosion of the lantern.

SALE OF COUNTY BONDS.

County bonds to the amount of 23,600 were disposed of on Friday as follows:

Farmers National Bank....	$ 5,000.00
Jno. Raup, Light Street...	1,000.00
Jos. Crawford, Mt. Pleasant	1,800,00
Matilda Hughes, Bloom ..	700.00
Hiram Bogart, Mt. Pleasant	400.00
Sarah R. Rote.....	400.00
K. G. E, of Bloom.....	400.00
Catharine R. Kline Catawissa.....	1,000.00
Wm. M. Geiger, Catawissa.	200.00
J. E. Geiger, "	200.00
Lydia Miller, "	500.00
Sarah J. O'Brien, Benton..	1,000.00
Hannah Fullmer, Pine Summit.....	500.00
Catawissa Bridge Co.....	10,500.00

FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

The B. & S. will run a special train from Benton to Bloomsburg on Friday and Saturday, March 2 and 3, leaving Benton at 7:30 a. m., and from Bloomsburg to Benton on Friday evening after the close of the lecture.

Excursion tickets will be issued from offices along their line to Bloomsburg and return on both days.

The C. P. & W. train will wait at Orangeville on Friday evening for the special on the B. & S. from Bloomsburg.

POSTMASTER MERCER.

The Bloomsburg Post office was transferred by A. B. Cathcart to James H. Mercer on Monday night, the 28th. ult. Geo. A. Clark has been appointed assistant, and the services of Miss. Bessie Jacoby will be retained. E. E. Caldwell will also assist for a few weeks.

The town clock is now illuminated by e ectric light.

THE NEW GYMNASIUM.

THE FINEST IN THE LAND.

The new Gymnasium at the Normal School was opened with appropriate ceremonies last week Thursday. After the close of the exercises incident to the presentation of the large flag by the P. O. S. of A., the audience went from the auditorium to the Gymnasium, and filled every available space. The running track was crowded, and the sides of the first floor was thickly lined with spectators. After an opening piece by the school orchestra, which by the way plays very well, under the direction of Miss Haas, the gymnastic exercises began with an exhibition by the boys' class led by Prof. Aldinger. This was followed by the girls' class, and then came some heavy gymnastics on the German horse, parallel bars, vaulting bars, &c. The most exciting part of the program was the game of basket ball between members of the Philologian and Calliepian Societies. A bushel basket was hung at either end of the hall about ten feet from the floor. Every time that either side gets the ball in the basket at the opposite end of the hall it counts three. The game is nearly as exciting as foot ball, though not quite as rough and dangerous. The Philos were the first to land the ball in the Callies' basket and a great shout went up from the spectators. But the Callies put the ball in the Philo basket twice, and this with fouls made the score 9 to 5 at the end of the third inning, in favor of the former, and then the Callies and their friends went wild and everybody shouted.

The exercises were all very creditable and considering the short time that the students have had for practice, were quite remarkable, and show the excellent instruction of Prof. Aldinger and his assistant. At 2:15 p. m those of the audience who were favored with tickets, (and this included the alumni, Trustees, Faculty and their friends,) entered the dining hall where covers were laid for four hundred people. All but a few chairs were occupied. The dinner was a good one, and was promptly and nicely served under the direction of Steward W. H. Housel and his wife. At the close Robert R. Little Esq. one of the Trustees, acted as Toastmaster, and with appropriate remarks introduced the speakers. Remarks were made by Col. J. G. Freeze, J. C. Brown, Representative A. L. Fritz, and Dr. Welsh. It was a most auspicious occasion and all present enjoyed themselves. Among the guests were Thomas. Chalfant of Danville, and Mr. Kipp, the architect of the new building.

In the evening the entertainment given by the Calliepian Society was well attended. Prof, Beale, dramatic reader, added much to the enjoyment of the evening.

PURSEL & HARMAN'S OPENING.

On Monday morning the store of Pursel and Harman, successors to I. W. McKelvy, was opened for business. The services of Mr. McKelvy have been retained and Misses Utt and Stadon are clerking on the Dry Goods side, under the direction of Mr. Pursel. Many new goods have been added to the stock, and the store presents a bright and attractive appearance. The Grocery side is under the charge of Mr. Harman. A great improvement has been made by putting the dishes where the groceries were and the groceries on the dish side thus enabling them to display their goods to much better advantage. Several assistants have been employed in this department. Read their new advertisement.

Stage realism indeed will be seen at the Opera House on Monday, March 5th, when the "Diamond Breaker" will be produced. This is a spectacular melo-drama by Scott Marble and is said to surpass any of his previous efforts. It is thoroughly American and introduces several characters entirely new to the stage. There is a strong plot easily followed, intensely dramatic situations ingeniously conceived, a comedy element that is original and extremely funny, and mechanical effects that will undoubtedly prove the most startling of anything yet attempted. In one act the entire stage is a mass of machinery weighing nearly ten tons and in this act there is an effect that will surely stir the audience to enthusiasm. The hero is knocked insensible and thrown into a chute, descending headfirst in the ponderous jaws of the immense breaker, which has a capacity for crushing 10,000 tons of coal a minute. Two car loads of beautiful scenery will be used in this production, and the cast has been selected with unusual care, Etelka Wardell heading the program.

Report of Local Institute Held in the I. O. O. F. Hall on Saturday, February 24, 1894, at Espy.

Program during the day as follows: Called to order by president, Mr. A. F. Terwilliger, at 10:30 A M.; anthem by choir, followed with prayer by Rev. Artman; music by choir; address by Prof. Richardson, of Berwick, on History, Ancient, Modern and Biblical, also Current Events, which was very interesting as well as practical; in favor of teaching important matter not contained in ordinary text books, and thereby creating more than usual interest in subject. Solo, Beautiful Hands, by Rev. Artman; very excellent paper on Language Work, read by Miss Hattie Shellenberger in which natural methods were advocated. Prof. Trescott, of Millville, followed with some good remarks on the same subject, showing that present method is more natural than former one, and urging special attention of teachers to the teaching of practical language in our public schools. Song, See the Merry Dancing Leaves, by class of small girls; Supt. Johnston gave a talk on the necessity of correct language being taught in connection with other subjects, that every recitation is or ought to be a language lesson also that more care should be taken by the teacher in charge to promote correct oral expression. Adjournment.

Afternoon session called to order by president promptly at 1:30 P. M. Miss Geisinger favoring the audience with a voluntary; music by choir; paper on Spelling, by J. M. Lehman, recommending the teaching of practical words; U. S. History, by R. M. Creasy, illustrating important outgrowths from certain events recorded in history; Civil Government, by Prof. Richardson, patriotism the real object of its study; solo, Moyatown, by Miss Hattie Ringrose; Influence of School Life upon Character, by Miss Carrie Redeker in which methods were given for good and lasting influences. Committee on resolutions appointed by president; extemporaneous speech in favor of co-education by Mr. C. Weiss, was heard with interest by the audience; music by choir; address to parents, by Prof. Trescott, which was most favorably received. Song, I'm Going to Write to Papa, by Ethel Greenwault, a tot of six years from the primary room; Needs in Primary School-room Work, by Miss Sadie Hagenbuch, giving some good reasons in favor of busy work in its various forms; recitation, Lord Lockinvar, by Miss Sue R. Creveling, given in a very creditable manner. Discipline, its Principles and Methods, by Grace McKamey; music by choir; address by Supt. Johnston, on the necessity of correctly beginning work, that well begun work insures a greater degree of success, etc The New Education, by Mr. A. F. Terwilliger, proving it to be far more practical than the old method, therefore preferable; Necessity of Civil Government, by J. W. Miller, the desired results being better citizens, more intelligent voters, hence of greatest necessity; The Mariner's Dream, a pleasing recitation, by Maude Creveling. Resolutions read and adopted. Supt. Johnston then advised a regular monthly meeting of both teachers and directors for the purpose of reporting condition of schools and further urges appointment of such meetings by the President of School Board, which was responded to by Pres. M. C. McCollum favorably, he further speaking upon the Duties of Directors in his usual brief style. Music by choir. Final adjournment.

Teachers enrolled from Centre as follows: Misses Sallie Watson, Hattie Ringrose, Hattie Shellenberger, J. W. Miller, C. Weiss; from Scott, Misses Sue R. Creveling, Sadie Hagenbuch, Carrie Redeker, A. F. Terwilliger, R. M. Creasy, Harry Baker, C. R. Nagle, J. M. Lehman, Grace McKamey.

Collector Herring's Appointments.

Collector Herring has recommended the following named gentlemen for appointment.

For store keeper and guager A. D. Brader, of Centre. for the Ash distillery.

M W. McHenry, of Stillwater for the Edgar distillery.

D. H. Steadman, of Colescreek, for the R. McHenry & Son distillery.

W. D. Heilman, of Millville, for the Fowler distillery at Pine Summit.

Wm. J. Lore, of Unityville, Luzerne county for the Shoemaker distillery and Jacob Wilson, of Lycoming P. O., for the Seegle distillery.

S. W. Montgomery, of Muncy, for Deputy Collector for the division comprising the counties of Lycoming, Potter, Bradford and Tioga.

Women graduates of Eastern colleges are successfully working farms in South Dakota.

The Diamond Breaker.

Will be presented at the Bloomsburg Opera House Monday evening March 5th. The title suggests coal mines, mountain scenery and ponderous machinery, and all these will be found in "The Diamond Breaker," for the author has chosen a mammoth diamond coal breaker as the central scene for his drama.

To set huge machinery, with its accompanying belting, shafting, pulleys, revolving cables, coal cars, steel cylinders, fly wheels, steam engine and other necessary devices, require the full stage area, and the scene is so presented that the breaker can be seen from all parts of the theatre.

Running from the gigantic teeth of the breaker is a chute which connects with an elevated railroad track, over which run the cars loaded with coal, which is dumped down the chute and crushed. In this scene a fierce struggle takes place, and the hero is knocked insensible by the villain and thrown into the chute leading towards the jaws of the breaker, and just as his head seems about to be crushed the heroine appears, and, leaping from the railroad tracks, slides down a pole to the ground and pulls the helpless man away just in time to save his life.

"MONEY AND MONEY MAKING"

Prof. F. E. Woods of Scranton, Pa., will lecture on the above subject, Monday evening in the Young Men's Christian Association. Prof. Woods is founder and Principal of Wood's Business College and also Business Manager of the Scranton Tribune. He is a very interesting speaker and his lecture is running over with wit and humor. The choir of the Methodist church have prepared a programme of music for the occasion. Tickets free, call at the rooms.

Next Sunday afternoon Dr. Andrew Graydon will address the Men's meeting on the subject: "Dangers that threaten Young Manhood." All are invited.

The Williamsport Board of Education has passed a resolution compelling all pupils of the public schools to be vaccinated; and refusing admission to those who fail to comply with the resolution. An injunction was served on the Board restraining them from enforcing the resolution, but Judge Metzgar dissolved the injunction, and said the Board had such authority to prevent the spread of any contagion. As a result of the decision from 2000 to 3000 will be debarred from the schools until they become vaccinated.

The fall of the thermometer caused some trouble with the steam pipes at the Fifth street school. There being no school on Saturday and Sunday the steam was allowed to run down and by the condensation of steam, water was left in the pipes at some of the distant points, and in the two rooms, second floor exposed to the north winds, the pipe froze and burst. The two schools were dismissed on Monday, and the repairs promptly made so that all were in attendance again Tuesday. This is the first accident this winter from the cold weather.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office Mar. 13, 1894.

C. H. Mack, Daniel O'Reardon.
Cards—Miss Alice Dimm.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised Feb. 27, 1894. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

Postal Notes.

There will be no postal notes after July 1st, but the money order system is to be so arranged that orders not exceeding $2.50 may be bought for 3 cents and the fee is graduated until it is 30 cents for orders amounting to $75 to $100.

There was an interesting meeting of the Royal Arcanum on Wednesday evening. The attendance was large, and W. H. Vanderherchen was admitted as a member. The order now numbers fifty members in Bloomsburg, and there are new applications coming in.

There were more sleighs and sleds seen upon our streets Tuesday than there has been for many a day. It was probably the last good sleighing of the season and everybody wanted to take advantage of it.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Bernhard Stohner has had an attack of the grip during the past week.

Mrs. Freas Brown has been confined to her room by illness.

Cyrus Demott was among the visitors to town on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. K. Bittenbender is spending a few days at Mauch Chunk with her sister, Mrs. Dr. Kirby.

Mrs Dr. Biddle of Ashland visited her mother, Mrs. Buckingham last week.

C. P. Sloan and Thos. E. Geddes went to Philadelphia on Wednesday to attend the G. A. R. reunion.

E. S. McKillip made negatives of interior and exterior views at the Normal on Tuesday.

Mrs. Yohe had a good sale in Mifflin last week. J. S. Williams was the auctioneer.

Geo. M. Lockard went to Philadelphia on Wednesday, Mrs. Lockard accompanied him.

G. W. Sterner has rented his brick residence on Market street to Riggins & Liness.

Judge H. M. Hinckley of Danville was in town on Wednesday, making preparation for some Supreme Court cases.

I Maier will remove his clothing store to the second room in the Opera House block, on Centre street, on April 1st.

County Treasurer J R. Fowler has bought two lots from Mrs. Phillips on First street, and will erect a handsome residence this spring.

Boyd Trescott associate editor of Millville *Tablet* had a close call on election day. He was elected Auditor by one majority.

Ex-commissioner A. B. Herring of Orangeville was among those who witnessed the exercises at the Normal School on the 22nd ult.

Drake & Son have sold their undertaking business and equipments to W. J. Corell & Co. Mr. Drake intends to remain in Bloomsburg and engage in some other business.

T. L. Smith does horse-shoeing and general wagon repairing. He also repairs furniture, and can do almost anything in that line that anyone wants. He is an all around handy man.

Mr. Harry Townsend was married on the 22nd ult. to Miss Emma Caradiskie of Danville. The marriage was a quiet one, aud Harry didn't tell his associates of it until it was done.

Mrs. Wolt Driefuss of Milton visited her brother, Joseph Lowenberg at Wilkes-Barre last week. On her return she spent Saturday and Sunday in Bloomsburg with her mother and returned home at Milton Sunday evening.

Among the visitors to town on Washington's Birthday was ex-sheriff Samuel Smith of Stillwater. He still retains his genial disposition that made him so popular throughout the county during his official career, and his many friends were glad to see him here. He is the father of thirteen children, twelve of whom are living, and he says he has done so much to increase the Democratic majority in the county as most men. Probably he wasn't speaking of the recent election.

The people of Millville are making an effort to secure a Worsted Manufacturing Co. A citizens' meeting was held last week and a committee appointed to confer with the proposed Company, and secure if possible the old Woolen factory, which has a good water power. The new company asks for donation of land and the citizens to subscribe stock. The plant will be valued at $45,000.

At the spring election last week in Shickshinny 273 voted for and 12 against the borough furnishing electric light for the town. W. B. Poust a former citizen of Bloomsburg was one of the active agitators for light. After the result was announced there was great rejoicing over the town, with horn blowing and torch light procession.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

The following cases have been taken to the Supreme Court by appeal, in this county. They will be heard in Philadelphia during the second week in April.

Clara Long vs. W. H. Cherrington; Franklin Yocum vs. W. S. Zahner; Appeal in Wm. Raup audit.

Last Saturday was the coldest day of the winter. A blizzard swept over the whole country.

FROM DOUBT TO FAITH.

Shall I then kneel with those and raise
My voice with theirs, who know of old
The century's sad disease which slays
Our faith and strikes our yearnings cold;

I, who have listened while the coarse,
Glib unbeliever marshalled out
His legions of unfaithful Doubt,
And found no other god but Farce;

And laughed the Christian tale to scorn,
The God-like Victim virgin-born,
The atoning pain, the mystic cross,
The sacred sanitary loss?

What care I? God there is I know,
Who rules the worlds and bade us be;
But shall He care for things below
And show His hidden face to me?

Far, far away he seems to stand,
Too bright, if present, for our need,
Nor else than through the Faith His hand
Has given us, know we Him indeed.

No other gave He. The strong hours
Have wreaked in vain their age-long powers,
Unchanged as from His lips it came,
To-day it lives and rules the same.

Enough for me, and for my need,
Enough for dear lives dead and gone;
No other faith is ours, nor creed,
To speed the laboring ages on.

Then since He is, and since no more
Without Him can I live and move,
I join the ranks of faith and love,
And rise and enter and adore!

—Lewis Morris.

THE CAUSE OF A SQUIRREL.

Tom Belton had had an easy morning of it. He had walked softly into the old forest of chestnuts and hickories, rifle on shoulder, sat down on a gig log, laid his rifle on his knee and waited.

The "hunting" had been proceeded as follows:

A chatter, a bark a little way in the woods. Tom would draw back the hammer of his rifle and lean forward, a streak of gray would flash down a tree trunk, then all would be still.

Next minute the streak of gray and the noisy chatter would be in a tree overhead, perhaps Tom's rifle would come up, Tom's head would lift, there would be a sharp crack and a little bundle of gray would come whirling down heels over head, a long bushy tail flying out like the tail of a comet, and Tom would get up, walk over a few steps, pick up the little bundle of fur and drop the squirrel into his game bag.

This was the rather tame way the hunting had gone, and Tom had a good bag long before noon.

Nevertheless Tom was soon to have an adventure.

He had concluded to go home and had walked down towards the creek and was coming out of the edge of the woods when he heard a loud bark.

A big buttonwood tree hung over the creek, and on one of its branches, more than half way up, he saw a squirrel larger than any he remembered having seen for a long time.

It was lying along the limb, its body flattened close to the bark, and only its sharp nose and beaded eyes showing. He would never have noticed it if it had not barked when he came out of the woods.

Tom quickly brought his rifle to his shoulder. The little black knob on the sight of the barrel showed against the rusty gray of the squirrel's fur. A sharp crack. The squirrel held on with the claws of its fore feet, then its hold gave way and it dropped.

But twenty feet lower down its body fell across the fork of a small branch, and, after a minute's swaying, remained still, the head and fore part of its body balancing the weight of the hindquarters on the opposite side of the branch.

It was too big a one to lose, even though he had several already.

It was not hard climbing, and he had soon reached the main branches.

Just there the tree split off, going up in two shafts. At the juncture of these the wood had rotted away in the centre and left a dark cavity.

Immediately above the cavity and about ten feet over Tom's head was the squirrel caught in the limp. Catching hold of a small limb he drew himself up so that his hand just reached the limb on which was suspended the object of his climb.

Suddenly the wood cracked, the limb broke and he felt his feet slip.

He grasped at the trunk, but there was nothing to hold. He knew he was falling into the opening below.

Another instant and he was in darkness and he sank into some soft, spongy substance, which broke his descent. He came to a stop standing upright.

A strong, pungent, woody odor filled his nostrils. A cloud of stifling powder almost choken him.

He tried to bring his hands down to feel about. But there was not sufficient room more than just to crook his elbows. He couldn't get his hands below the level of his ears.

He knew he had fallen into the hollow trunk of the buttonwood. The soft stuff under his feet must be the rotten pith and punk of the walls which had fallen down to the bottom.

Looking up he could see an irregular circular patch of sky partly blotted out by a mass of twigs and leaves on the upper branches. The opening, as near as he could tell, was six or eight feet above his head.

It was not a great distance; but, with his hands above him and nothing to catch a hold upon, it might as well have been a hundred.

He felt all around the inside surface of the hollow with his fingers; but he only sank his nails into soft punk which broke off when he put any strain upon it.

He began to be somewhat frightened. It really was a bad business. He could not stand in his present cramped position long and obtain the use of his muscles. Already he felt a numbness in his fingers, as the blood left them.

He couldn't climb up without something to grasp; he couldn't get out below.

The sides of his prison? They were too thick to dig through with his nails, for outside of the lining of rotten wood he knew there was a heavy rind of live, tough fibre and bark, how thick he could only imagine.

The thought of cutting suggested to him that he had a knife with him; but where was it? At last he recalled that it was in the upper breast pocket of his flannel shirt; he had on no coat.

But it wouldn't do him any good. The blade would be broken or dulled long before he could cut an opening through the walls.

He began to grow desperate, when there came a sudden idea to him, which made him rack his mind for some plan to get at his knife.

The upper pocket of his shirt was considerably below his shoulders. The furthest down he could get his hands was to the level of his face.

Nevertheless he tried repeatedly to twist his arms so as to reach his pocket, forcing himself into all kinds of positions and getting more desperate every minute. But all his attempts were in vain.

His head began to swim with the exertion and the close, foul air, and his body sank a little as his knees bent under him.

As his shoulders dropped he felt his shirt begin to rise about his neck; the collar touched his ear. Instantly he was filled with a fresh hope.

His shirt evidently must have caught on some roughness of the wood against which his back was resting, and, as his body sank, had been held fast.

He doubled himself up more and jammed himself further down into the cavity. His shirt held fast to the rough walls of the hollow and rose about his ears. He sank more and more.

When at last he could squeeze himself down no further, he bent his elbow, and after some wonderful contortions got his fingers into the pocket and pulled out the knife.

In a short time the knife was cutting the solid wood of the trunk. He kept on until he had made quite a little cavity.

Changing the knife to the other hand he did the same on the opposite wall. It was hard and tedious work and his hands and arms ached and he had to stop several times and rest, but he kept at it.

When he thought he had the holes deep enough he contrived, after some difficulty, to grasp the knife between his teeth.

Then, reaching up, he caught the fingers of each hand in the cavities on the opposite sides, and, exerting all his strength, drew himself up a foot or more.

By using all his muscle he managed to hold himself there while he kicked into the soft punk below with his toes. In a minute he had a couple of resting places for his feet.

Again he attacked the wood above him with the knife, holding on with one hand and bracing his back against the wall of the hollow. He had to change hands often and once he nearly slipped down; but finally he had another pair of holes for his fingers, and could repeat his first performance.

At last he drew himself up so that he could clasp his fingers over the edge of the cavity, and in another minute he had pulled himself entirely out of the hollow and was seated on the big horizontal limb.

Hanging a couple of feet above him from the broken branch was the dead squirrel.

He breathed a sigh of thanksgiving and swarmed down the tree trunk. He was so weak he could not walk, and he sat down on a log for a while.

By and by he felt stronger, and then he put the strap of his game bag over his head, threw his rifle over his shoulder, picked up the big squirrel which he had dropped to the ground from the buttonwood and turned towards home.

—Francis Churchill Williams.

Outpost Duty in the Russian Army.

In the German army every soldier is taught to act intelligently on outpost service and in scouting operations, and this is not too much to require in a country where every soldier reads and writes and can readily understand a map and compass. In Russia, however, where nine-tenths of the people cannot read or write and have lost the faculty of thinking consecutively, the army cannot teach the soldiers much more than to move as with a machine. In order to have a force of good men for picket work and advance skirmishing they have adopted this plan:

Each company sends four of its most intelligent men to a select body called the scouting corps, and as the Russian regiment has four battalions, with four companies each, that gives a regimental scout a force of sixty-four. This service is very popular, for it is full of variety; and though the hardship is great the food is good, for hunting and fishing are in the programme. The men are expected to develop as much ingenuity and self-reliance as an Indian scout in our service. They must sail, row, swim, climb, find their way by map and compass, slip through the enemy's lines, and procuse every variety of information at all hazards.

A Premium on Ignorance.

Because a juror looked at a cable train as it sped past him, Judge Henry granted a new trial of the $5,000 damage suit of Frank Jackson against the Kansas City Cable Railway, in which Jackson was recently awarded $1,400 damages. Mr. Ashley, for young Jackson, contended that if a new trial were to be granted in suits against cable companies every time a juror happened to glance at a cable car, no verdict for the plaintiff could ever stand. He also said that if a man were so deaf, blind and stupid as not to notice passing events such as the approach of a cable train he had no right to a place on the jury. Judge Henry held, however, that the inspection of Juror Hickman was sufficient to warrant the granting of a new trial. Trial by jury, he said, would be a farce if jurors were permitted to get information out of court.—Kansas City Star.

Prejudiced Against Lady-Fingers.

"There is one prejudice," says an English woman, now residing in this country, "that I have had to overcome since coming to America, which was my antipathy to spongecake and lady-fingers, as so often served over here with ice-cream. My associations with them are of the gloomiest sort.

"Lady-fingers are served in all parts of England, with light refreshments, at funerals, and usually go by the name of 'funeral biscuits.'

"In the Yorkshire dales if you are asked to a funeral and are unable to attend they usually send you, with a memorial card, a piece of spongecake and several lady-fingers folded in a sheet of black-bordered paper and fastened with big black seals.

"So American hostesses, when they know this, must not think it bad taste on the part of their English guests if they decline these cakes."—Chicago Times.

One Creditor Who Got Left.

"Hard luck Jones is in."

"How?"

"Took a railroad ticket for a debt, couldn't sell it, and had to ride fifty miles before it expired, and then wore out a pair of new shoes walking back."—Atlanta Constitution.

TASTEFUL COUNTRY HOUSES.

They May be Beautiful and Attractive at Small Cost.

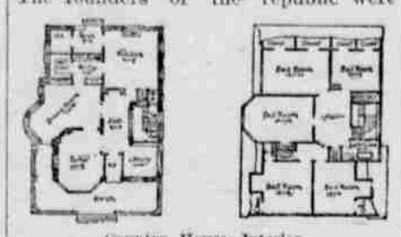
An ill-planned and ungainly country house is more conspicuous than a similar house in the city, because it comes in immediate contrast with the surroundings of nature. The country house may be made graceful by sur-

A Country House.

rounding it with trees and shrubs, or it may be built so as to beautify and harmonize with the landscape.

The attractive and beautiful country residence of which we give a perspective view and floor plans from the Architectural Era, was designed for A. B. Bigelow, of Cranford, Conn., by M. N. Cutler, architect, of No. 203 Broadway, New York. It is a good modern adaptation of the Dutch colonial farmhouse, and represents an architectural style that is superior to any other for a farmhouse. The very aspect of the house speaks of home comforts and seclusion, and of the rocks and hills of nature. Half hidden among trees, such a house would seem as much a part of a country landscape as are wood and field and hillside. The interior of the house affords abundance of room both for domestic purposes and hospitality.

The country home should represent the highest development of social life. The founders of the republic were



Country House—Interior.

country gentlemen, and the American colonial period affords one of the most striking instances in history of the development of taste, intellect and political power in rural communities. It should be the pride of the American farmer to preserve this traditional importance of the country home in the progress of our national life.

Overfeeding Stock.

Overfeeding an animal is worse in its effects than a spare diet. A great many more young animals are checked in their growth, and otherwise injured, by overfeeding than by a deficiency of food. In illustration of this statement, a correspondent tells the following story of his own experience:

A rather opinionated and wilful hired man, who requires the closest watching in feeding the stock, in defiance of strict orders, gave some Berkshire pigs some cotton-seed meal in their feed, in the expectation that it would help them to grow. Their feed had been skimmed milk, with a quart of wheat middlings to the pailful. Considerable more cotton-seed meal was added to the feed during my absence from home for a day and night, and on my return the next day two of the young pigs were taken with convulsions and severe spasms. They died the next day, when two more were taken, and soon after two more. The whole six died in the same way. First they slowly turned around and around, then stood with the head in a corner and pressed against the wall or yard fence; the jaws were chopped together, and they foamed at the mouth. After a few hours they lay upon their sides and struggled violently with the legs until they died. A dose of lard oil allayed the symptoms for a time, and had it been given at first would probably have saved them. On opening them the lungs were found congested and very red in patches, and the brain, also, was much congested, the blood vessels being dark blue. The stomach and intestines were filled with cotton-seed meal, the milk having been digested. So short a case of indigestion, or stomach staggers, as it is popularly called, is rare; but the pigs were but two months old, and had probably been misfed previously.

Charcoal for Hogs.

We have but little doubt that charcoal is one of the best known remedies for the disordered state into which hogs drill, usually having disordered bowels, all the time giving off the worst kind of evacuations. Probably the best form in which charcoal can be given is in the form of burnt corn—perhaps, because when given in other forms the hogs do not get enough. A distillery was burned in Illinois, about which a large number of hogs were kept. Cholera prevailed among these hogs somewhat extensively. In the burning of buildings a large amount of corn was consumed. To this burned and partially burned corn the hogs had access at will, and the sick commenced recovering at once and a large portion of them got well. Many farmers have practiced feeding scorched corn, putting it into the stove or building a fire upon the ground, placing the ears of corn upon it, leaving them till pretty well charred. Hogs fed on still slops are liable to be attacked by irritation of the stomach and bowels, coming from too free generation of acid, from fermentation of food after eaten. Charcoal, whether it be produced by burning corn or wood, will neutralize the acid, in this way removing the irritating cause. The charcoal will be relished to the extent of getting rid of the acid, and beyond that it may not be. Hence it is well to let the wants of the hog be settled by the hog himself.

STOCK NOTES.

A blocky, beefy, square-built cow is a good one—to sell, and so is her steer calf.—National Stockman.

Watering conveniences which do not require long distance trips of the stock on cold days, contribute much to the score of economy.—Orange Judd Farmer.

To dry horses' legs after washing there is nothing better than sawdust well dried and well rubbed in. It is both clean to handle and pleasant for the animal.—Indiana Farmer.

Weak Lungs

may be inherited; not Consumption. Thin, narrow-chested children are the ones to look out for. *Everybody* with a tendency toward Weak Lungs should take

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda. It builds up the system. Cures Coughs, Colds and Wasting Diseases. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

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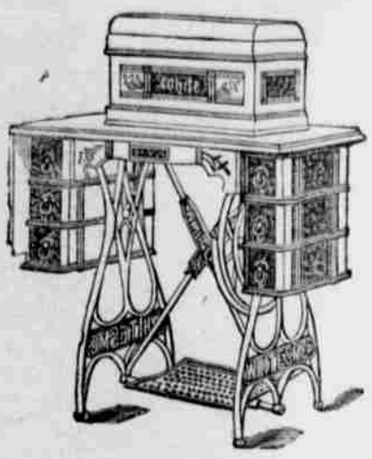

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Ware-rooms, Main Street below Market.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

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Butter per lb	8	.22
Eggs per dozen		.22
Lard per lb		.14
Ham per pound		.14
Pork, whole, per pound	.07 to	.08
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to	.08
Wheat per bushel		.80
Oats " "		.50
Rye " "		.80
Wheat flour per bbl		3.50
Hay per ton		18.00
Potatoes per bushel		.70
Turnips " "		.25
Onions " "		1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to	.35
Cranberries per qt		.10
Tallow per lb		.08
Shoulder " "		.12½
Side meat " "		.14
Vinegar, per qt		.08
Dried apples per lb		.05
Dried cherries, pitted		.15
Raspberries		.18
Cow Hides per lb		.03
Steer " " "		.05
Calf Skin	.40 to	.50
Sheep pelts		.90
Shelled corn per bus		65
Corn meal, cwt		2.00
Bran, "		1.25
Chop "		1.25
Middlings "		1.25
Chickens per lb		.10
Turkeys " "		.12
Geese " "		.10
Ducks " "		.10

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No. 6, delivered	2.50
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

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WEST DISTRICT.

Grow 3, Hancock 50.

Judge, Daniel McHenry; Inspectors, N. McHenry, B. Pealer.

EAST DISTRICT.

Grow 22, Hancock 80.

Judge, T. M. Pealer; Inspectors, E. P. Bender, Amos White.

FRANKLIN.

Grow 22, Hancock 38.

Justice, W. E. Hower. Tax Collector, P. S. Ford; Supervisors, I. Fetterman and J. Loreman; School Directors, Llewellyn and J. M. Moyer; Poor Overseer, P. Manhart; Asst. Assessors, J. Artley, J. Loreman; Auditor, L. D. Laubach; Judge, J. Artley; Inspectors, John Loreman, A. C. Gotshall.

GREENWOOD.

Tax Collector, D. S. Patterson; Supervisors, C. Robbins, G. W. Derr; School Director, Eli Welliver and J. W. Reese; Triennial Assessor, Wm. Beishline, G. B. Patterson; Auditor, I. A. DeWitt.

EAST DISTRICT.

Grow 57, Hancock 75.

Asst. Assessor, G. W. Appleman; Judge, A. S. Kramer; Inspectors, A. J. Derr C. Kester.

WEST DISTRICT.

Grow, 48. Hancock, 50.

Judge, J. C. Parker; Inspectors, C. B. Johnston, W. C. Thomas.

HEMLOCK.

Grow 23, Hancock 56.

Justice, N. P. Moore and Jacob Harris; Tax Collector, E. J. Ohl; Supervisors, Reuben Werkheiser and Wm. Howell; School Directors, Lewis Girton, Evan Thomas; Overseer Poor, Wm. Masteller; Auditor, M. A. Moore and C. F. Girton; Triennial Assessors, H. W. Appleman and H. D. McBride; Judge, W. A. Miller; Inspector, Thos. Sands and C. Werkheiser.

JACKSON.

Grow, 9. Hancock, 70.

Judge, J. H. Fritz; Inspectors, E. Fritz, M. Savage; Tax Collector, F. P. Yorks; School Directors, J. H. Shultz, J. L. Hirleman; Poor Overseer, G. W. McHenry; Auditor, J. H. Lunger; Town Clerk, C. W. Young; Constable, F. P. Trivelpeice.

LOCUST.

Grow, 52. Hancock, 83.

Tax Collector, E. H. Whitner; Supervisors, Aaron Yoder, David Helwig; School Directors, S. P. Levan, 3 yrs; A. G. Klees, 2 yrs; Wes. Lindemuth, 3 yrs; Jerry Miller, 2 yrs; Jno. Fetterman, 2 yrs; Poor Overseer, Chas. Beaver, 2 yrs; Auditor, Jerry Snyder; Judge, Henry Beaver; Inspector, Henry Bittner; Triennial Assessors, Samuel Camp, Daniel Knorr.

MONTOUR.

Grow, 27. Hancock, 47.

Tax Collector, J. Quick; School Directors, D. Fry, H. D. Quick; Supervisors, D. Mauser, F. Leiby; Judge, P. S. Karshner; Inspectors, M. Rouch, D Z. Mensch; Poor Overseer, I. Hagenbuch; Auditor, P. S. Karshner; Triennial Assessor, M. Rouch, D. Mauser.

MIFFLIN.

Grow, 37. Hancock, 125.

Tax Collector, W. B. Goodhart; Supervisor, W. P. Hetler and J. Spade; School Directors, Ed. Smith, F. Harter; Poor Overseer, M. Hartzel; Asst. Assessor, H. G. Grover; Judge, Geo Fry; Inspectors, G. B. Steely and A. M. Huttenstine.

MILLVILLE BORO.

Grow, 53. Hancock, 50.

Chief Burgess, J. P. Patton; Councilmen, S. J. Eckman, Cyrus Demott; School Directors, C. M. Parke, H. J. Robbins; Tax Collector, J. M. Roate; Auditor, Boyd Trescott; High Constable, E. R. Eves; Judge, Samuel Demott; Inspectors, O. Evans, D. C. Shoemaker; Triennial Assessors, W. M. Eves, E. L. Eves.

MADISON.

Grow, 25. Hancock, 116.

Justice, J. M. Smith; Tax Collector, G. W. Ande; Supervisors, Geo. Whitenight, Wm. Harlan; School Directors, D. A. Shultz, C. Carey; Poor Director, C. Richard; Asst. Assessors, Silas Welliver, Robt. Johnson; Auditor, A. Girton; Judge, Joseph Weise; Inspectors, C. C. Fruit, Wm. Greenly.

MAIN.

Grow, 4. Hancock, 84.

Justice, J. W. Shuman; Tax Collector, A. W. Shuman; Supervisors, J. C. Shuman, J. J. Gearhart; School Directors, Allison Derr, 105; D. B. Fetterolf, 104; Samuel Goodman, 104, Poor Overseers, S. Shuman, F. P. Gruver; Assessor, J. B. Nuss; Auditor, G. W. Shuman; Judge, David Shuman; Inspectors, G. W. Deaner, Lloyd Kennedy; Treasurer, J. E. Longenberger.

MT. PLEASANT.

Grow, 30. Hancock, 40.

Justice, A. Dreibelbis; Tax Collector, F. P. Davis; School Directors, J. B. Ruckle, A. Wanich; Supervisors, Wm. Hower, J. Oman; Judge, R. C. Kester; Inspectors, A. Melick, J. Elder; Poor Overseer, C. Crawford; Auditor, S. Kitchen; Triennial Assessors, A. J. Ikeler, H. Crouse.

ORANGE.

Grow, 56. Hancock, 68.

Judge, Wm. Masteller; Inspectors, G. H. Harman and Wm. Fisher; School Directors, Pugh Closin and J. B. DeLong; Supervisors, A. C. Achenbach and C. E. Hutton; Tax Collector, Perry DeLong, Triennal Assessors, A. R. Patterson and Geo. Appleman; Poor Overseer, I. K. Dildine; Auditor, J. E. Sitler.

PINE.

Grow, 47. Hancock, 53.

Justice, C. R. Parker; Tax Collector, R. M. Potter; Supervisors, T. Mendenhall, Benj Lore; School Directors, E. M. Bogart, 1 yr, J. J. Christian, 2 yr, J V. Kinney, 3 yr; Judge, Isaac Robbins; Poor Overseer, Wm. Houghton; Triennial Ass., A. Bennett, B. F. Kaischner; Auditor, A. Bennett; Inspectors, M. H. Bitler, T. B. Gordner.

ROARINGCREEK.

Grow, 25. Hancock, 38.

Tax Collector, I. Cherrington; Supervisors, F. Levan, D. W. Rarig; School Directors, F. Dreisbach, J. Hoffman; Poor Overseer, Wm. Yeager; Auditor, A. W. Whitner, 37. C. Rung, 37; Judge, C. Rung; Inspectors, W. Cherrington, Philip Blass; Triennial Assessors, D. Long, Wm. Yeager.

SCOTT WEST.

Grow, 31. Hancock. 46.

Justice, Jacob Terwilliger; Tax Collector, C. E. Hartman; Supervisors, Lloyd Sterling, Wilson Wanich; School Directors, J. M. Shew, S. Pettit; Asst. Assessor, J. D. Terwilliger; Auditor, W. B. Milnes. Triennial Assessor, G. E. Grimes; Judge, J. H. Townsend; Inspectors, Jos. Ziegler and J. L. Crawford.

EAST SCOTT.

Grow, 79. Hancock, 74.

Justice, Jacob Terwilliger; Tax Collector, C. E. Hartman; Supervisors, Lloyd Sterling, Wilson Wanich; School Directors, J. M. Shew, Stephen Pettit; Asst. Assessors, Chas. Bomboy; Auditor, Wm. B. Milnes; Judge, J. B. Miller; Inspectors, Wm. Abbott, Geo. Swigart; Triennial Assessor, W. H. Englehart.

SUGARLOAF SOUTH.

Grow, 7. Hancock, 58.

Tax Collector, T. H. Smith; Supervisor, Gearhart Hess, J. B. Davis; School Director, C. W. Hess, J. G. Laubach; Asst. Assessor, S. S. Fritz; Auditor, I. M. Hess; Judge, John Klinger; Inspectors, S. B. Hess, B. E. Long; Town Clerk, C. M. Laubach.

SUGARLOAF NORTH.

Grow, 16. Hancock, 67.

Judge, O. W. Larish; Inspectors, Wesley Hess, Peter Masteller; Asst. Assessor, E H. Fritz.

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LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CARRYING THE PURSE.

A Problem Which Is Seriously Troubling the Fair Sex.

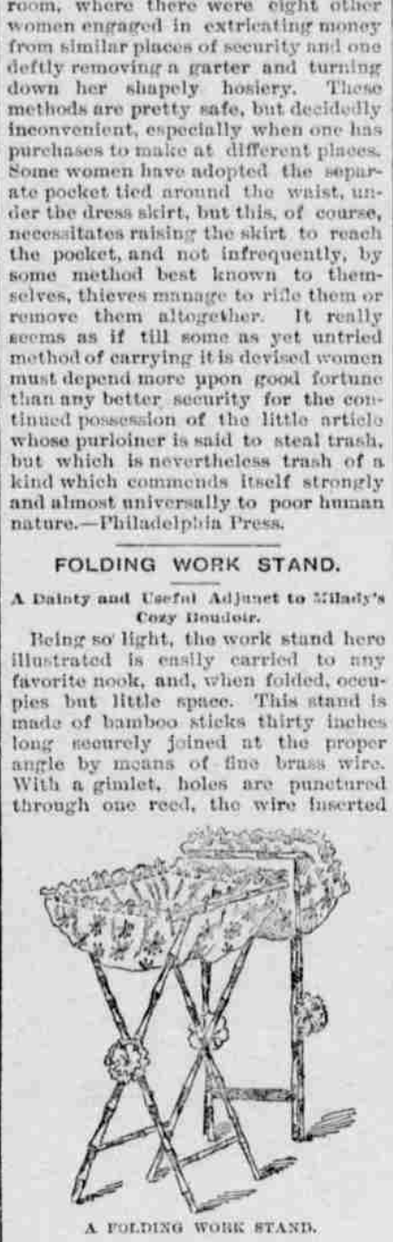
"How and where shall I carry my money?" is an important question to a woman who has had her pockets picked twice within a week. Once her purse was in the chatelaine bag, suspended from her belt, and which she found yawning and empty upon reaching home. "And the clasp to that bag was one I often had to work over to desperation myself," she remarked plaintively. "It bothered me dreadfully when I was in a hurry, but that very fact gave me a sense of security." The second time her pocket—one of those un-get-at-able pockets, too, in the rear region, where its unhappy possessor is forced to sit upon its contents—was ignominiously turned wrong side out. She tried carrying her purse in her hand, and an elderly man, with a benevolent face, stopped her and said: "Pardon me, madam, but I feel constrained to tell you that I have just seen a lady's purse snatched out of her hand and the thief escape with it."

The next time she sallied forth her money was pinned securely inside her dress waist. When she had selected certain purchases she told the clerk she would return soon and pay for them, and proceeded to the ladies' dressing room, where there were eight other women engaged in extricating money from similar places of security and one deftly removing a garter and turning down her shapely hosiery. These methods are pretty safe, but decidedly inconvenient, especially when one has purchases to make at different places. Some women have adopted the separate pocket tied around the waist, under the dress skirt, but this, of course, necessitates raising the skirt to reach the pocket, and not infrequently, by some method best known to themselves, thieves manage to rifle them or remove them altogether. It really seems as if till some as yet untried method of carrying it is devised women must depend more upon good fortune than any better security for the continued possession of the little article whose purloiner is said to steal trash, but which is nevertheless trash of a kind which commends itself strongly and almost universally to poor human nature.—Philadelphia Press.

FOLDING WORK STAND.

A Dainty and Useful Adjunct to Milady's Cozy Boudoir.

Being so light, the work stand here illustrated is easily carried to any favorite nook, and, when folded, occupies but little space. This stand is made of bamboo sticks thirty inches long securely joined at the proper angle by means of fine brass wire. With a gimlet, holes are punctured through one reed, the wire inserted



A FOLDING WORK STAND.

and its ends twisted firmly about the other reed. The cross braces, one foot long, are similarly fastened. The basket requires a piece of China silk or French satin, twenty-four inches square, lined with a contrasting shade of plain silk. The four sides are shirred on a tape, drawing each up to half its length. A heading of an inch forms a finishing ruffle. Each corner of the pocket is tacked to the support with fancy brass tacks. The place of joining is concealed by full double rosettes. This idea carried out in white and gold makes a beautiful bridal gift. For this, gild the reeds, and make the pocket of white satin brocade, that is, a white satin ground with yellow silk figures. Line with plain white China silk, and decorate the support with full bows of white and yellow No. 9 satin ribbon.—Rural New Yorker.

New Designs in Tea Tables.

Tea tables continue to grow in favor and to multiply in design. The two latest shown are admirable in every sense and provide for the convenience of the hostess as well as for the beauty of her room. One, the larger of the two, is a combination of bamboo frame and fine porcelain shelves, and the other unites a handsome kettle with a stand and portable tray. They are excellent both in form and general style, and despite their moderate cost a great improvement upon the over-dainty trifles that look too frail to support the weight of cups. Hospitality is the virtue supposed to prompt the existence of a table that is ever ready to offer refreshment to a guest, and it can hardly be saying too much to urge the wisdom of sufficient substantiality to suggest security and sufficient size to allow a generous number of cups.

How to Make Egg Cutlets.

A good way to make egg cutlets is to boil three or four eggs for ten minutes, dip them in cold water for a minute or two and strip off the shell; cut off the ends of each egg and divide into four slices, dip each piece in the well-beaten yolk of an egg, then in bread crumbs rather highly seasoned with pepper, salt and a teaspoonful of very finely-minced parsley; fry in boiling butter until brown, serve with potatoes sliced thin and fried to a light brown; garnish with parsley.

How to Preserve the Table Cloth.

THE custom of brushing a tablecloth instead of shaking it as formerly has two good points. It does not scatter the crumbs abroad, but collects them tidily. And it does not crumple the cloth, which was sadly mussed at the old time method of clearing the table.

PHOTOGRAPHY IN COLORS.

Successful Process for Reproducing the Hues of Nature.

And now, it is said, the problem of photographing in colors has been solved, and a test picture actually produced by a French artist. His process is an interesting one. He lays upon a sheet of glass a very delicate, translucent film of chloride of silver, and against the film he places a vessel containing mercury, so that the latter is in contact with the film. The glass sheet and mercury thus arranged are placed in the camera like an ordinary sensitive plate. Exposure being made, the image of the object to be photographed is projected upon the glass. The light conveying the image passes through the glass, on through the translucent film, and is reflected back by the mercury behind. The action of the light splits the silver in the film into thin layers which through the operation of a curious law reproduce the tints of the object photographed. The one defect in the process is the long exposure of the plate that is required—that is to say, from five minutes to half an hour. But in order to overcome this difficulty it is merely necessary that the film shall be rendered more sensitive to light. There can be no longer any doubt that first rate portraits in colors will eventually be made, superseding perhaps the work of the portrait-painter. Such likenesses will be very different from the dead things in black and white which are the best that artists of the camera produce to-day. They will reproduce the tints of the complexion, the brightness of the eye, and all those details of various hues which are of life itself. Great paintings, too, will be copied by the camera, to supersede, let us hope, the cheap chromo; and doubtless the same methods will be utilized for making the sun himself do landscapes in the twinkling of an eye, with all the tints of nature duly guaranteed as correct by the celestial artist, himself the author of all color effects.

To Remove Tattoo Marks.

There have been many operations and applications recommended for the removal of tattoo marks, but most of them are either very painful or entirely unsuccessful in achieving the result desired. A new procedure is recommended by Paschkis, who would remove the tattooing or pigmentation of the skin by a sort of counter tattooing. The remover used by him has been baryta white, stained to the color of the surrounding skin by the proper admixture of browns and reds. An artist with a good eye for colors would be successful in this operation.

Another method involves a new principle, viz., the digestion of the subcutaneous pigments by papoid. The tattooed part is well washed with soap and water, a bunch of six or eight cambric needles bound together with silk thread is dipped in glycerole of papoid and driven with a sharp blow into the tattooed part. This is repeated over the entire stain and must be thorough to be effective, and a peculiarity of the method is said to be that it causes no inflammatory reaction. The digestive principle of the papoid is disseminated about the deposit of pigment, thus liberating it, a portion is absorbed in a finely divided state by the lymphatics, another part probably finds its way into the upper layers of the epidermis, and close to the surface and in this manner the pigment disappears.

What Is Electricity?

Prof. Galileo Ferraris, the genial Italian scientist, whose name is known to all electricians, was recently asked what electricity was, but, unlike most others when asked that question, he ventured to answer it, and, according to Cosmos, he wrote in French in her autograph book the following, of which we venture to give a translation, even though the English language hardly does justice to the original in French:

"Maxwell has demonstrated that luminous vibration can be nothing else than periodic variations of electro-magnetic forces. Herts, in proving by experiments that electro-magnetic oscillations are propagated like light, has given an experimental basis to the theory of Maxwell. This gave birth to the idea that the luminiferous ether and the seat of electric and magnetic forces are one and the same thing.

"This being established, I can now, my dear young lady, reply to the question that you put to me: 'What is electricity?'

"It is not only the formidable agent which now and then shatters and tears the atmosphere, terrifying you with its thunder, but it is also the life-giving agent which sends from heaven to earth, with the light and the heat, the magic of colors and the breath of life. It is that which makes your heart beat to the palpitations of the outside world; it is that which has the power to transmit to your soul the enchantment of a look and the grace of a smile."

Out of Court.

Men who are wise will do much to evade a tedious lawsuit, and the lawyer who is successful in settling cases out of court has numerous clients. Many of the most famous lawyers in the country have at this time on their hands perhaps twice as many cases in dispute to settle out of court as they have in. Each great corporation now has its own attorney, to whom all legal suits or differences are referred. He meets the attorney of the opposing party, they two talk the matter over, each trying to get the better of the other. They are their own advocates, judge and jury, and generally come to a compromise on the dispute. This they offer each to his client, who usually accepts it, and thus the matter ends, certainly with great saving of time to the client. It is not so certain that there is a saving of money, however, as in this case the attorney's fees are apt to be high enough to cover all the costs if the matter had been settled before the courts. Immense fees are thus earned by leading lawyers, the earnings of a single legal firm in a few cases reaching as high as a million dollars a year.

Commendable Laziness.

Industry is always commendable, but we have no word of censure in these times against the laziness that keeps a man from shovelling off his own sidewalk and impels him to pay some poor man, who needs the money much more than he does, for doing the job.—Boston Globe.

BORGIA AND MACCHIAVELLI.

The Man of Blood Defended by the Crafty Statesman.

Caesar Borgia was bold, ambitious, crafty, able, handsome and remarkable for his physical strength. But he was as false and cruel as his father. He early formed large schemes for the extension of his domains, and his plans he might have carried out had he not been arrested at a critical moment by the death of the Pope and his own illness.

He had, indeed, foreseen the death of his father, and so arranged matters as to establish the State of Romagna and overcome his enemies, notwithstanding such event. But he had not foreseen his own illness, which incapacitated him from all action. "He told me himself," says Macchiavelli, "that he had anticipated everything, and had provided for everything, save for being sick unto death at the time of the Pope's decease."

In Macchiavelli's own treatise on "The Prince," Caesar Borgia was his model and hero, and all that can be suggested in justification of his character and conduct may there be read. But it must be confessed that Macchiavelli's own principles of life and conduct, as therein set forth, are not of a high moral cast, and in that remarkable book he upholds, or seems to uphold, acts of cruelty and bad faith which are ordinarily considered to have the stain of dishonor.

"Experience," he says, "has proved in our own times that the Princes who have achieved great deeds are those who have held good faith of small account, have known how to bewilder men's brains by cunning, and have succeeded better than those whose actions have been ruled by honor."

And in another passage he says of Caesar Borgia: "Putting together all the actions of the Duke, I could not blame him. On the contrary, it seems good to me to propose him, as an example to be imitated by all who through good fortune and the arms of others have attained to supreme command." To which statements we can only hold up our hands in surprise.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Savages who Believe in Ghosts.

It is believed by the Australian aborigines that every person over four or five years of age has a spirit or ghost in regular attendance which, although dormant through life, assumes a visible but undefined form after death. A recent contributor to Belgravia tells a good deal about the elaboration of this uncanny belief. For instance: For a time the ghost haunts the spot where a corpse is interred or placed in a tree. It is considered to be harmless, yet is regarded with fear. It is said to be seen sitting on the grave or near the body; but it sinks into the ground or disappears if any one approaches. As the friends of the deceased are unwilling to go near the place, it is seldom seen and never examined. The aborigines believe every adult has a wraith or likeness of himself, which is not visible to any one else, and visible to him only before his premature death. Should he see this wraith, it so preys on his mind that he falls into low spirits, and the result he dreads sometimes comes to pass. After the disposal of the body of a good person its shade walks about for three days, although it may appear to persons, it holds no communication with them. Should it be seen and named by any one during these three days it instantly disappears. At the end of three days it goes off to a beautiful country above the clouds, abounding with kangaroo and other game, where life will be enjoyed forever. Friends will meet and recognize each other there; but there will be no marrying, as the bodies have been left on earth. Children under four or five years of age have no souls and no future life. The shades of the wicked wander miserably about the earth for one year after death, frightening people, and then descend to Ummekulun, never to return.

Turkey's Formidable Guns.

In 1478 Mahomet II., in prosecuting the siege of Scutari, in Albani, employed fourteen heavy bombards, the lightest of which threw a stone shot of 375 pounds- weight, two sent shots of 500 pounds, one of 750 pounds, two of 850 pounds, one of 1,200 pounds, five 1,500, and one of the enormous weight of 1,640 pounds, enormous even in these days, for the only guns whose shots exceed the heaviest of these are our 80-ton guns, throwing a 1,700-pound projectile, our 100-ton, throwing one of 2,000 pounds, and the 110-ton, throwing an 1,800-pound shot with a high velocity.

The stone shot of Mahomet's guns varied between twenty and thirty-two inches in diameter, about the height of a dining-table—2,534 of them fired on this occasion weighing, according to a calculation of Gen. Lefroy's, about 1,000 tons—and were cut out of the solid rock on the spot.

Assuming twenty-four inches as the average diameter of the shot fired at the siege, the total area of the surface dressed was nearly 32,000 square feet. At this siege the weight of the powder fired is estimated by Gen. Lefroy to have been 250 tons. At the siege of Rhodes, in 1480, Mahomet caused sixteen basilisks, or double cannon, to be cast on the spot, throwing balls two or three feet in diameter.

Scientific Thief Catching.

Among the latest inventions is an electrical thief photographing process, by which any one who attempts to open a drawer, or box, or room where he has no business, will get himself photographed for his pains without his knowledge, so that he may be afterwards identified. A tobacconist of Toledo, O., had repeatedly missed cigars from his showcase without being able to discover the thief. Hence he applied to an electrician to give him an apparatus which would take a portrait of any one going to that case. An electro-magnet was so fastened to a match as to strike it against a rough surface whenever the electric circuit was completed, and by the light of the match an instantaneous photograph was taken, and immediately the shutter closed on the camera. On examination after the next disappearance of cigars, the portrait of two boys was discovered, and they were apprehended and sent to prison for the theft. Such an arrangement for photographing burglars without their knowledge—if that could be managed—would soon make burglary too hot even for the most astute professionals.

SEEKING A DIVORCE.

But the Lawyer Did Not Hold Out Dazzling Hopes of Success.

He came into the office of one of our leading attorneys and plunged dejectedly down into a chair.

"Say," he began, "are you a tip-top lawyer? Never fail in a case?"

"I try to be," was the lawyer's modest reply. "What can I do for you?"

"I want to get a divorce."

"Have you sufficient reason for separation?"

"You just bet I have."

"Well, kindly tell me your troubles, and I will let you have my opinion."

"Five years ago I married a country girl because I thought I'd get a sensible one. Got that down?"

"Yes."

"Well, things went nicely for two years, then came the rub."

"Yes."

"The first thing she did was to go and buy a lot of Bertha M. Clay's love-sick novels to find out how society in London was carried on."

"Yes."

"I didn't mind that, but after she had nosed around a bit she began to get her highfalutin' ideas."

"Yes."

"Well, she commenced with makin' me get two servants. Then she made us have breakfast off the mantelpiece—that is, get up an' help yourself."

"Yes."

"Then she made me belong to three or four clubs, an' made it hot for me if I came home earlier than 1 o'clock. Got that?"

"Yes."

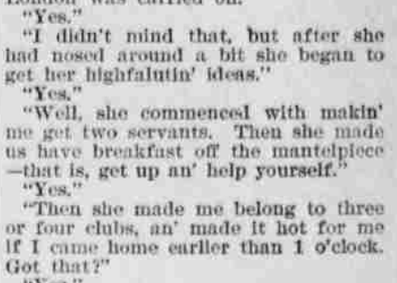
"Next she made the servants call her milady. But she capped the climax by sayin' one day that she was sufferin' from enwe. I went to a doctor an' asked him what the deuce that was, an' he told me it was French for that tired feeling. That settled it. From that on it was enwe, an' enter nong, an' bullyung, an' soloong, an' parley voo, an'—well, then she went in for music. She called Wagner 'Vogner,' Liszt 'Leest,' an' ended the whole business by calling me her charmangie. Say, don't you think you could fix it up right off, before she takes to runnin' around with Italian singers and runnin' for school commissioner?"

The lawyer smiled a sad smile.

"I'm afraid you can't get a divorce on these things. Will you pay your $10 for my opinion now, or shall I send in my bill?"

And the other took out ten silver circles and went over to the police station and asked for a night's lodging.—Syracuse Journal.

A Desirable Job.



"Has Dennis got a job yet, Mrs. Mulcahy?"

"Indade, he has."

"Phat is it?"

"Ol've hired him meself at a dollar a day to dhrum up trade."

"An' does he git any?"

"He says he will as soon as he's induced the Legislachoor to pass a law allowin' him to carry a dhrum."

A Thoughtful Wife.

She was a pretty shrewd woman, and she had heard her husband complain at different times about the increasing burdens from his growing correspondence. She half divined his purpose to get a typewriter, both the machine and the girl, and as he has an eye for beauty, and likes a pretty face, she formed her own plans.

"What do you have to pay a girl?" she asked.

As he was reading the evening paper, in an absent-minded way he said: "Oh, you can get a real pretty girl for $10 or $12 a week."

He had given it all way, but she kept her counsel until he said he had bought the machine and would advertise for a girl.

"Oh, no need to do that," she said; "I have a girl engaged for you, and she is said to be the quickest and best shorthand girl in town." So she had, and the next day the hubby was thunderstruck and all broken up when he saw the ancient piece of bric-a-brac with side curls that his wife brought in the next morning. She was a bird for homeliness, would stop clocks, turn switches and freeze ice.

And now that wife laughs in her other sleeve as she thinks of her cuteness. She thinks Charley's correspondence will drop off pretty soon, so that he won't need any assistance.—Cincinnati Tribune.

A Matter of Doubt.

Riding along the Clover Fork of the Cumberland one day I overtook a mountaineer and we jogged along together. We talked of timber, crops and politics, and finally got down to personalities.

"Have you always lived here?" I asked.

"No," he replied, "I come from Perry County."

"How long have you lived here?"

"Five ye'r, goin' on six."

"Married, I presume?"

"Yes, but I wuzn't when I fust come. I worked by the day for the Widder Stevens and boarded with her. That's all the home I had. It's that farm with the two-story house onto it you passed about four mile below here."

"It's a very nice place, I noticed."

"Fust rate. I run it. I married the widder."

"Oh!" I said in surprise.

"Yes, me and her hitched inside of a ye'r."

"That's a good deal cheaper than the old way, isn't it?"

"Well," he said doubtfully, "I ain't shore. In course the property's worth sumpthin', but countin' in the widder for a man uv my peaceable disposition, it ain't sitch dern cheap livin' as you might s'pose it wuz."—Detroit Free Press.

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1849.

—PUBLISHED BY—

GEO. E. ELWELL

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1894.

The majority for Grow inthe State is nearly 190,000.

The small majority in Columbia county is not owing to any change of sentiment on the part of democrats, but it is because over twelve hundred of them failed to vote for congressman. It was an oversight on their part owing to the necessarily awkward form of the ticket. We know of several very intelligent republicans in Bloomsburg who also overlooked the congressional ticket.

Galusha A. Grow, the republican candidate for Congressman-at-large received a majority of over $188,000 in the State. As a representative of the Protective Tariff Policy he received 375 votes. The democratic vote fell off from the November election of 1893, 4½ per cent, while the republican vote increased 7½ per cent. A very light vote was polled by the prohibitionists—their loss was 48½ per cent compared with last fall. Fulton county gave a republican majority, it being the first since the organization of the county.

Insurance Commissioner Luper says the ratio of fire losses last year to premium income will exceed ten per cent. and that for twenty-four years there is nothing to compare with these figures. He says this simply means that the Pennsylvania companies were compelled to pay out $1,848,674 more than they received for premiums during the year and still have many thousands of unpaid losses. In other words, instead of making money they lost nearly $2,000,000. He thinks hard times has something to do with the large percentage of fire losses, but attributes the faulty construction of buildings and the carelessness of property owners as the chief cause. Mr. Luper says the Pennsylvania fire companies are solvent, but whether they can remain so with the business as disastrous as last year he is unable to say.

OFFICIAL RETURNS.

The official returns of the election held Thursday, February 20, 1894, in Columbia county for Congressman-at-Large is as follows: Grow, republican ticket, 2064; Hancock, democratic ticket, 2618; Morrow, prohibition ticket, 170; A. D. Markley, Pennsylvania democracy, 30; Grow, protective tariff policy, 14; Lotier, People's party, 19 From above figures it will be seen that the democratic majority of Columbia county was only 554, being the smallest majority ever given a candidate on the State or National ticket since 1860, when Breckenridge, Lincoln, Douglass and Bell were the candidates — Breckenridge receiving 494 majority. The small majority given at this election indicates a great lack of interest; the election of the republican candidate was conceded by all, and the democrats generally throughout the state did not trouble themselves to go to the polls to vote, or if they did go, it was only to vote for some favorite on the township ticket. The democrats make a great mistake by showing such indifference, and make hard work for the chairmen to get out the vote in a close contest. The normal majority of Columbia county is from 2000 to 2500 and when it falls below 2000, every democratic voter who remains away from the polls is responsible for it. Eight months from this we vote for a Governor and twenty-eight Congressmen, besides members of the State Senate and Legislature; it therefore behooves every democrat to be up and doing from this time forward that no voter be allowed to remain away from the polls. Get out the vote should be the watchword of everybody.

The forthcoming annual report of secretary of Internal Affairs Stewart will contain a picture of the John Bull engine and in contrast one of the high class locomotives of the Pennsylvania railroad. There will also be pictures of the John Bull train and the Dewitt Clinton engine, which hauled the first train of cars in America between Albany and Schenectady. A picture of engine 999, which hauled the Empire State express one mile in thirty two seconds, the fastest on record, will also be printed. The report will contain an interesting chapter on the railway exhibits at the World's fair.

If the care of the hair were made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26, 1894

Harmony among the democratic Senators on the tariff bill is not yet as complete as it might be, although concessions have been made that it was hoped would secure it Having held the bill until they could see no prospect of benefit to be gained by further delay, the sub committee this morning submitted it to the full Finance committee, which in turn submitted it to a caucus of democratic Senators, not for the purpose of compelling any Senator to support it, but for a sort of family consultation at which all complaints could be heard and everybody could have a chance to aid in bringing about that harmonious action that will be absolutely necessary to pass the bill, even allowing that the populist Senators will vote for it, as they say they will because of the retention of the income tax. The caucus appears to have had a good effect and Senators who have been worrying are now smiling over the prospects for democratic unity.

It is expected that the Finance committee will at once report the bill to the Senate, although there are indications of an intention on the part of the republican members of the committee to attempt to delay action on the plea that they should be given time to prepare a minority report against the bill. They may be given several days to prepare their report, but the democratic sentiment is so strongly in favor of prompt and speedy action that their time is bound to be cut short. They should not really be given a day, as the report can be made at any time after the bill has been reported.

Much uneasiness is felt among Senators at the reports concerning the condition of Senator Vance's health, which is now said to be continually getting worse. He has not been able to perform any duties at this session, but his friends—that included everyone who ever came in contact with him—are loth to believe that his illness is hopeless, as press dispatches report it to be.

It has been apparent ever since this Congress got down to business that there was a weak spot in the rules of the House, but it was not until the long contest for a quorum to vote on the Bland bill for the coinage of the seigniorage, the end of which is not in sight yet, showed the helplessness of the House in the absence of a voting quorum that members became fully aroused to the necessity of a change. But they are now, and nearly 150 democratic members have signed a call for a caucus to be held as soon as the Bland bill is disposed of, to decide upon the nature of the change to be made. Democrats do not wish the Speaker to follow Reed and count a quorum, but a large majority of them want a rule that will prevent members sitting in the House and refusing to vote to make a quorum, and they are going to have one, too.

The Senate committee on Printing has begun the investigation of the improper award of the contract for publishing the Patent Office Gazette, but the evidence so far taken amounts to nothing, and the source from which the charges came is of itself almost sufficient to disprove them.

The feeling among southern democrats in Congress on account of the recent speech of ex-Congressman Abram S. Hewitt, of New York, has been greatly exaggerated. With few exceptions the southern Congressmen regard the matter with entire indifference. Representative Caruth, of Ky., says: "He is in his dotage," and Representative McMillan, of Tenn.: "I certainly shall not make Mr. Hewitt a national issue by talking about what he says." Many of the older members recall numerous instances of Mr. Hewitt's devotion when in the House to protection and opposition to any tariff reform that cut into any of the businesses that he or his father-in-law—the late Peter Cooper—had money invested in and smile at his attack on democratic Congressmen of the present day. When a member of Congress Mr. Hewitt enjoyed the reputation of being a common scold.

Senator Faulkner, of W. Va., chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, has named the following gentlemen as members of the executive committee: Senators Jones, of Ark.; White, of Cal.; Mitchell, of Wis.; Smith, of N. J. and Pasco, of Fla., and Representatives Pigott, of Conn.; McAleer, of Pa.; Bynum, of Ind.; McMillin, of Tenn.; McRae, of Ark.; Whiting, of Mich.; Heard, of Mo.; Wheeler, of Ala.; Jones, of Va. and Forman, of Ill. A meeting of the entire committee has been called for to-morrow, to map out the outlines of the campaign work, and to select a smaller committee to take actual charge of it.

Has Headache No More.

Mrs. Fannie Markly of Safe Harbor, Pa, gives the following account of her terrible sufferings and happy relief: "Early last spring I was much run down with sick headache. It was so severe at times that it seemed as though I could not endure it, and I found no relief until I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla. After I had taken two bottles I had the headache no more.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. 25c.

A Ruling Which Practically Renders the Inter-State Law Useless.

Judge Grosscup, of the United States Court, at Chicago, on Monday discharged the rule on the railroad officials compelling them to answer questions in the Federal grand jury investigation of the workings of the inter-State commerce law.

The officials have refused to answer questions regarding their rate-cutting and by this ruling of the Judge the inter-State law is, to a large extent, apparently, rendered practically valueless.

In his decision Judge Grosscup said: "Every man's life is, so far as society is interested, a series of personal acts. Each act not impinging unlawfully upon the rights of others or falling within the definitions of the criminal statutes, is a personal right of the individual.

"The theory of our criminal proceeding, like that of Great Britain, is accusatory and not inquisitoral. No person can be subjected to the penalties of the law unless every fact essential to the identification of the act charged with the crime is apparent from sources other than himself, or his own voluntary disclosures. The accused can stand, as against the menace of the law's penalties, upon the sanctity of his own personal knowledge, and the constitutional guarantee puts a seal upon that knowledge that no legislative or judicial hand can break.

"If the fifth amendment is intended to grant to the person complete immunity against the consequences of self-accusation of crime, irrespective of the nature of such consequences, no legislative act can cut down or diminish such immunity."

Miss Katie Rosengrant
Ulster, Penn.

Scrofula

The Worst Case the Doctors Ever Saw

Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I wish to testify to the great value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For some time I had been troubled with scrofula, which early last winter assumed a very bad form.

Sores Appeared on My Face

and hands and gradually increased in number until they reached to my shoulder. The doctors said it was the worst case of scrofula they ever saw and also went so far as to say it was incurable. I tried ointments and other remedies but to no avail. A friend recommended Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Sarsaparilla, and although I was completely discouraged, as a last chance I resolved to give it a trial. After taking one bottle I noticed the sores had commenced to heal. After the sixth bottle

They Were All Healed.

I continued to take it, however, until I had used nine bottles, and now I am perfectly well." MISS KATIE ROSENGRANT, Ulster, Penn.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

SHERIFF'S SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, MARCH 26th, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

NO. 1. All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone on other lands of Valentine Fidleman thence running along lands of Erastus Hendershott south eighty-eight degrees east forty-three and eight-tenths perches to a stone near a black oak tree, thence along lands of the same Erastus Hendershott south seventy-two degrees east ninety-three perches to a white pine, thence along lands of A. F. Kester south three and one-fourth degrees west fifty-six perches to a white pine tree, thence south forty-three degrees east six and nine-tenths perches, thence south seven degrees east twenty-seven perches to a white oak tree, thence south twenty-four and one-half degrees east twenty-nine perches to a public road leading from Reuben Wilson's to Jerseytown, thence along said road north seventy-three and one-half degrees west twenty perches, thence north forty-five and three-fourths degrees west four and two-tenths perches, thence north seventy-five and one-half degrees west ten perches, thence north eighty-seven and one-half degrees west fourteen perches, thence south eighty degrees west eight perches, thence north eighty-nine and one-half degrees west eight perches, thence south eighty-six and one-half degrees west nine and eight-tenths perches thence south four and one-half degrees east four perches to the bank of the mill race, thence south seventy-nine degrees west two perches, thence north four and one-fourth degrees, west four perches, thence south seventy-eight degrees west thirty-six perches, thence south sixty-two and one-half degrees west fourteen perches, thence south fifty-six degrees west five perches to lands of Susan Miller, thence along land of said Miller north three degrees east nine and three-tenths perches, thence along lands of same south eighty-four and one-half degrees west twenty perches to other lands of Valentine Bidleman, thence along lands of said Bidleman north three degrees east one hundred and thirty-nine and six-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing in all

107 ACRES and 117 PERCHES,

whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Bank Barn and other Outbuildings.

NO. 2. All that certain tract of land situate in the township of Madison, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of Erastus Hendershott, Parson Edwards and Perry Christian, on the east by lands of Amos Heller, on the south by lands of Madison Township Poor District and William Masteller, and on the west by lands of William Masteller, E. R. Kester, William Rost, B. F. Kester, and Henry Carr, containing,

TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY Acres

more or less, whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING,

Bank Barn and other Outbuildings.

NO. 3. Also the following described lot of ground situate on the south side of Tenth st., in the Town of Bloomsburg, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on south side of Tenth street one hundred and sixty feet east of Harriet street, thence eastward along said street sixty-five and five-tenths feet to line of land of William Krickbaum, thence southward along same one hundred and twenty-five and two-tenths feet to north side of Eleventh street, thence westward along same seventy-two and six-tenths feet to other land of Martha A. Deiffenbach, thence northward by a line parallel to Harriet street one hundred and twenty-five feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, said land being made up of two town lots designated as Nos. 12 and 13 in general plan of Deiffenbach's addition to the town of Bloomsburg.

NO 4. All that certain piece of land situate on the west side of Main street of the village of Eyersgrove, in the township of Greenwood, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post by the side of Main street and on corner of lands of William Eyer, thence by the latter north seventy-six and one-half degrees west one hundred and thirty-six feet to a post by Greenwood alley of said village, thence by the same north thirteen and one-half degrees east sixty-eight feet to a post by an alley, thence by the same south seventy-six and one-half degrees east one hundred and thirty-six feet to a post by the said Main street, south thirteen and one-half degrees west sixty-eight feet to the place of beginning, containing thirty-three perches and one hundred and sixty-three and three-fourths square feet of land, the same being known as lots Nos. 79 and 80 in the town plot of the village of Eyersgrove, whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and other outbuildings.

Also the hay scales now on the street leading from Main street to depot in said village of Eyersgrove.

NO. 5. All the right, title and interest of the said Jacob Shoemaker in a certain lot of ground situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania. In the village of Eyersgrove, bounded on the north by public road leading from Eyersgrove to Jerseytown, on the east by public road leading from Bloomsburg to Millville, on the south by lot of Jackson Robbins and on the west by an alley. Said lot being one hundred feet in width, more or less, and two hundred feet in depth, more or less, whereon are erected a

HOTEL,

and other outbuildings.

NO. 6. A certain tract of unseated land situate in said Madison township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Erastus Hendershott, Parson Edwards, Parker Kester, Peter A. Evans, and others, containing

127 ACRES,

more or less.

NO. 7. A certain tract of unseated land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of B. Miller, Cyrus Demott, Calvin Demott, James Johnston and others, containing

60 ACRES, more or less,

NO. 8. A certain tract of unseated land situate in said Madison township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of J. Shoemaker on the north, John Christian on the south, George Beagle on the east and Susan Miller on the west, containing

EIGHTEEN ACRES, more or less.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of H. S. and W. B. Christian et. al. versus Jacob Shoemaker, and to be sold as the property of Jacob Shoemaker.

3-2-'94 ts JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Martz, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Executors of said decedent, as appears by their first and final account, will sit at the office of Charles E. Evans Esq., in the borough of Berwick, Pennsylvania, on Monday, March 26th, 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

3-2-4t. JAMES L. EVANS, Auditor.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CORNER OF MARKET AND MAIN STREET.

BLOOMSBURG.

—THE—

KEELEY INSTITUTE

FOR THE CURE OF THE

LIQUOR OPIUM and TOBACCO HABITS.

THE ONLY SATISFACTORY TREATMENT.

—Send for reading matter.—

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
728 MADISON AVE.,
SCRANTON, PA.

We refer by permission to
J. B. Bodine,
J. H. Rinard, } Catawissa.

2-3-6 mo.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

We make our best bow to the public this week, and announce that we are now open for business and extend a cordial invitation to all to visit our store.

IN DRESS GOODS

reductions have been made in price ranging from 10 per cent to 50 per cent.

Our large line of shoes has also undergone an overhauling, and the prices have been marked way down.

We are selling 12½ cent GINGHAMS for 7 cents, and 10 cent Ginghams at 6 cents. Lancaster Ginghams only 5 cents a yard

An elegant line of New Spring Goods has just been received, including the latest patterns:.

ON THE GROCERY SIDE

Bargains also await you. Here are a few samples:

Canned corn, former price 10 cents now 8 cents or 4 cans for 25 cents.
Asparagus tips, former price 35 cents now 25 cents.
" " " " 25 " " 15 "
Tomatoes " " 12½ " " 10 cents.
All other canned goods reduced in price, in proportion,
Currants, 9 pounds for 25 cents.
Raisins, 4 pounds for 25 cents
We are agents for the celebrated Chase & Sanborn Coffees.

Pursel & Harman,

(SUCCESSORS TO I. W. Mc KELVY.)

Bloomsburg, Pa.

SNYDER & MAGEE CO. LIM.

Fourth & Market Streets.

We are always trying to give the greatest value for the money. All our purchases are made with this object in view. We are determined in our warfare on poor goods at high prices. Have you been in our store since we rearranged the shelves and opened up the thousands of dollars of new goods that have been coming in during the last ten days? If you hav'nt, you'll miss a treat. You don't have to buy, come and see us if you wont do anything else.

Dry Goods Department.

Special drives in blankets, comfortables and coats. They must go. You know what that means, while they last, we offer the following: 18 yards of American blue prints $1, 18 yards of best Lancaster Ginghams $1. We have just bought a handsome line of trimmings, edgings, etc. You would not believe us if we quoted the price. Come and price them. We will make you to order fine wool stockings for bicycling use $1.25 per pair. Also half hose. These are all hand knit.

Groceries Department.

Sugar 20 pounds for $1.
Raisins 4 pounds for 25c.
Finest raisins 3 pounds for 25c.
Fine California prunes 10c.
Currants 7 pounds for 25c.
American sardines 2 boxes 15c.
French sardines 15c.

House Furnishing Goods.

4 4 chenille table cover were $1 are .75
5 4 " " " " 1.50 " 1.25
6-4 " " " " 1.75 " 1.40
8-4 " " " " 4.00 " 3.00
Fine tablew're 6 cups and 6 saucers 63c
Large clothes baskets $1.10.
Three hoop buckets 20c.
Scrubbing brush 8c.

Carpet and Furniture.

We carry the largest line in the county. Just think of a China closet at $18 worth 25, 8 foot extension table well made solid oak $6, 5 piece solid oak bedroom suit $17. We have 100 different styles of rocking chairs to choose from and at prices to suit everybody. Blacking cases etc. 25 per cent off. Want the room. Solid Oak sideboard, French plate glass $18, parlor suit from $29 up to $200.

In carpets we can give you everything from 30c to $1.25 according to quality. Rag carpet especially low. If you are going to furnish a house or a room let us make you a price on the whole job. You will save money by doing so. We can give you a fine chenille curtain for $4.25 per pair, complete, including pole, rings, brackets. These sell for $5.50 elsewhere. We give the highest prices for butter, eggs, chickens, and country produce generally.

Snyder & Magee Company, Limited.

FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,

BLOOMSBURG, - PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter. March 1, 1888.

The heavy snow storm which began Sunday night and lasted all day Monday, made good sleighing again.

Nothing equals Ayer's Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood, and as a spring medicine.

The School Furnishing Company last week received an order for a number of double desks, to go to Burmah, India. Last year they sent some to China.

Sterner's corner grocery on Market square is a first class stand for a green grocer, and an active and energetic young man who understands the business could do well there. Mr. Sterner wants to sell.

The New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad has let the contract for 300 coal cars, 50,000 pounds capacity; 200 to the Bloomsburg Car Company, and 100 to the Milton Car Company. The cars must be delivered in June.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors of Bloom Poor District was held last Saturday, Messrs. Wilson, Hidlay and Larish all present. The annual statement will be published next week.

Candidates for sheriff are beginning to appear. We have heard the names of J. B. McHenry of Benton, and Miles Smith of Jerseytown mentioned as probable candidates. Both are good men. There will be several more, no doubt.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as any thing else. Its easier cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better result; better try it. —W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Joseph Grimes operates a shoe shop at Shamokin. He has been in receipt of divers and numerous green goods circulars, and as he don't wear flies he decided to beat the sharpers at their own game. He could not communicate by mail but a telegram would be received. He blew in 25 cts. for a message and a sample, and next mail brought him a good, new, crisp one dollar bill. A bank accepted the money, and Joseph is seventy-five cents in pocket. He is looking around for other suckers.

A generation ago there was hardly a silk mill that was not troubled with waste material. Manufacturers saw the rise of this heap with annoyance and took it as a favor if anyone would cart it away for fertilizer. An English inventor set about inventing machinery to utilize it. To day, as the result of his foresight and genius, 5,000 people are employed in making the finest silk plushes, ribbons and velvets from the refuse piles of silk mills, and the inventor has grown rich

The term "namby pamby," which has come to be applied to a person of vacillating character, as well as to weak literary productions, was originated by the poet Pope. He applied it to some puerile verses that had been written by an obscure poet—one Ambrose Phillips—addressed to the children of a peer. The first half of the term is meant as a baby way of pronouncing Amby, a pet nickname for Ambrose, and the second half is simply a jingling word to fit it.

When extreme nervous tension has given you an excruciating headache, take a dose or two of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, and you will soon be well. 2t.

J. R. Townsend is the leading Merchant Tailor of Columbia county. See his advertisement on fourth page. tf.

At the recent election, republicans carried Northumberland by 1154 majority and elected Chief Burgesses in Sunbury, Milton and Watsontown.

People with delicate stomachs find Ayer's Sarsaparilla agreeable to the taste, and, therefore, prefer it as a blood-purifier to any other. This is one reason for its great popularity as a spring and family medicine. Safe, certain and palatable.

An adjourned court will open next Monday for the trial of the case of W. R. Ringrose against the Town of Bloomsburg. All the traverse jurors that were in attendance at the regular February court are expected to be present.

The Catawissa Bridge Co., has been paid in full by the county. The amount allowed by the viewers was $34,000, and they have been paid that sum and $497.20 interest. The par value of the stock of the company is $34,514.16, so that the share holders will receive within a few cents their money in full.

A Mahanoy City saloon keeper is putting down a marble floor, of foot-square blocks. In the corner of each is imbedded a silver dollar, making in all eighty five dollars. In the centre of the floor as a cap shield to the whole glittering display of wealth, a twenty dollar gold piece has been placed. The coins are all protected by a covering of plate glass.

A charter was granted Monday to the Shickshinny Tube Company with a capital of $40,000, of which F. J. Richards, of Bloomsburg, is one of the directors. Mr. Richards expects still to retain his interest in the plant at Bloomsburg, and will make this town his home, going to and from Shickshinny to help them in establishing their plant.

The name of "Boniface," as applied to hotel keepers, is derived from a devout and hospitable man whom Saint Augustine created a saint. Subsequently he became the patron saint of Germany, and it was in that country, according to some writers, what hotel or tavernkeepers, as well as those among private citizens who were hospitable, and who at times kept "open house," as the saying is, were dubbed Bonifaces,

February "Book News" (Philadelphia) comes promptly with the latest word of the month's doings in the literary world. An article on the output of books in England during 1893 gives the number of volumes at 6382—less than 150 in excess of the preceding year. The usual features of "Book News"—descriptive price list, the reviews and illustrations, notes, biographical sketches and correspondents' letters—cover all the points that book-lovers and literary workers need to know. The frontispiece portrait is of Judge Thomas Hughes, author of the famous "Tom Brown."

Quarterly Meeting.

Quarterly meeting services will be held in the Methodist Episcopal Church next Sunday. Sunday School, 9 a. m.; Public services with Sacrament of Lord's Supper, 10½ a. m.; Love Feast, 6 p. m.; Preaching, 7 p. m. The protracted meeting continues, nearly one hundred persons have professed conversion.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Oysters, by the quart and by the hundred. Oysters raw, stewed and fried, at C. B. Chrisman's. tf.

Helps Him.

H. W. McKnight, D. D., LL. D., President of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa., says: "My use of The World Almanac has been most helpful and satisfactory. It is comprehensive, accurate, indispensable." See our Almanac offer.

Answers to Correspondents.

Farmer—Yes, South Dakota furnishes an excellent field for diversified farming. Wheat, Corn, Barley and Flax are produced in abundant quantities and find a ready market at good prices, while the cost of production is much less than in the Eastern States. Stock raising and wool growing have become successful industries in South Dakota, where thousands of acres of the finest land in the United States can be secured at reasonable figures and upon long time for deferred payments. Further information will be cheerfully furnished free of expense by addressing John R Pott, District Passenger Agent, 486 William Street, Williamsport, Pa. 3-2-3 t

"I've tried all sorts of blood purifier," said an old lady to a "cutter," "and you can't persuade me that any other Sarsaparilla is as good as Ayer's." There's where she had him. She knew that Ayer's was the best—and so did he, but it paid him better to sell a cheaper brand.

Novelties in Ladies' Skirts.

For quite a long time fashions have undergone a slow change, practically remaining in a stationary state with slight modifications. This season, however, a decided change is shown in skirts, in the way of draperies. The old time draped effects are more or less revived with the addition of many pretty and artistic touches, in accordance with modern taste, or with adaptations from historical sources. The underskirt, however, will retain its present flaring effect. To many people, the announcement of this coming style is viewed with some apprehension, as it implies much practical knowledge for the making-up of the new skirts. The best way, however to find the needed information and all the leading models of the coming season, is to subscribe to one or two Fashion Journals. The McDowell Magazines, which always maintain a high degree of excellence in this respect, will perfectly fill the wants of everyone on this subject. We notice also that, for the further accommodation of their customers, these Magazines contain in the form of coupons, at an exceedingly moderate price, designs of new skirts and other most novel styles. The patterns and paper models issued by the house of McDowell & Co., are widely known and justly praised for their accuracy, and their artistic, as well as practical excellence. "La Mode de Paris," and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost only $3.50 a year or 35 cents per copy. "The French Dressmaker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy. "La Mode," which is the best family fashion Magazine in existence, is offered to subscribers at the exceedingly low price of $1.50 a year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure any of these publications from your news dealer do not take a substitute from him but apply by mail to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 20 West 14th Street, New York.

No better aid to digestion,
No better cure for dyspepsia,
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Probably the most elaborate and expensive melo dramatic production of the present season is "The Diamond Breaker." Scott Marble's latest work. The play is entirely American and introduces character distinctively new to the stage, and thus the author gives to the public a refreshing departure from the beaten paths. There are two mechanical effects in the "Diamond Breaker" that have created the greatest sensation of years. In one act the hero is knocked insensible and thrown headfirst into a chute descending at a rapid speed to two monster iron cylinders that crush ten thousand pounds of coal a minute. Nothing in stage realism has ever equaled this scene, and it excites the wildest enthusiasm. Two car-loads of beautiful scenery, painted by Reed of the Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York, is another feature, and the cast is exceptionally strong, being composed of artists of reputation and high standing, and including Etelka Wardell, M. L. Alsop, John C. Fenton, Frank Binghurst, Eddie Magee, Julia West and others equally well known in the amusement world.—Opera House, Monday, March 5th.

It not only relieves; it does more it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ges, all conditions, at all times.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Julius Lindegren will be in town the latter part of March, and orders for piano tuning can be left at the Exchange Hotel, or at S. F. Peacock & Co's. hardward store. tf.

"Cleanliness IS NEXT TO Godliness."

In order to be clean you must have a good pure soap. In our window we show the two finest soaps made at a price within reach of all.

RISHTON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP, 25 Cents per Box.
IMPORTED GLYCERINE SOAP, 15 Cents per Box, (3 Cakes in a Box.)

If your clothes require attention, the other window exhibits
FINE WHISK BROOMS, 15 to 65 cents,
FINE CLOTH BRUSHES, 25 cents to $2.00.
These are all new and the finest value ever offered.

W. S. RISHTON'S Drug Store,
Opposite Post Office.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
GIDDING & SALSBURG.

Tuesday, March 6th

We will open on Tuesday March 6th our entire new invoice of Stiff and Soft Hats in exclusive Styles for Spring Wear.

ALL OUR

Overcoats at and below Cost.
Overcoats at and below Cost.
Overcoats at and below Cost.

ALL OUR
Storm Coats and Ulsters at and below cost.
Storm Coats and Ulsters at and below cost.
Storm Coats and Ulsters at and below cost.

ALL OUR
Single and Double breasted heavy Suits at and below cost.
Single and Double breasted heavy Suits at and below cost.
Single and Double breasted heavy Suits at and below cost.

ALL OUR
Boys' and Childrens' Suits and Overcoats at and below cost.
Boys' and Childrens' Suits and Overcoats at and below cost.
Boys' and Childrens' Suits and Overcoats at and below cost,

As we must clear our stock of Winter Clothing in order to make room for our magnificent stock of Spring Goods.

J. M. GIDDING & CO., SUCCESSORS TO
GIDDING & SALSBURG,
ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

AT CLARK'S

Dress Goods.
We are now showing full lines of Spring Dress Goods of all kinds in Silks and all wool.

Black Dress Goods.
A full line of *Priestly's* celebrated Dress Goods with full lines of other Black Dress Goods which it will pay you to see.

Special Counterpanes.
$1.75 Quality $1.25.
2.00 " 1.69.
2.50 " 1.98.
2.88 " 2.39.
3.25 " 2.69.
(All the above white)
$2.00 Quality colored at $1.69.

Table Linens & Towels.
The best values we have ever shown. See the 28, 48 and 50 cent Linens. See the $1.00, $1.25, $150 Linens. Towels at all prices. See 19, 29, 37c pair towels.

Dress Trimmings.
All the newest in Trimmings, Braids, Lace Braids, Beaded Gimps, Silks and Velvets, Buttons etc.

Best Kid lining cambric 5c yd.
Best Lanc'ster Gingh'ms 5c yd.
Hill Muslin bleached 7c.
20 yds. Good Muslin for $1.00.
9-4 Sheeting Muslin bleached good 20c yd.

BIG BARGAINS IN
LACE CURTAINS
SEE THEM.
Dress Ginghams and Wash Goods

H. J. Clark & Son.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.
MARKET SQUARE, BLOOMSBURG.
Our first Opening of Spring Goods for 1894 bought for Spot Cash

A beautiful line of DRESS GINGHAMS (*Toile du nord*) 10 and 12½ cents.
ENGLISH PERCALES 1 yard wide 12½ cents.
SEA ISLAND ZEPHYRS, a fine goods for dresses,
A new lot of Apron Ginghams 5 cents yard.
SEERSUCKERS for 6 cents yard, wool and half wool.
DRESS GOODS, a big line of them, all prices.
18 pieces Outing Flannels 8, 10, and 12½ cents.
A fine line of neat white goods, Dotted Swiss &c. Case of Soft finish Calico 6 cents. Other Calico, red, light and dark 5 cents, Navy blue calico 6 cents. 20 yards good Muslin for $1.00.
Special line of Fancy cloths for childrens' capes and coats.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

T he EMERSON PIANO.

These instruments have enjoyed a high reputation for more than forty years. Are Brilliant and Musical in Tone, and afford a most beautiful accompaniment to vocal music—the tone having that rare sympathetic quality which blends admirably with the human voice. They are durable, being constructed of the best Materials, by the Most Skillful Workmen. They have earned an especial reputation for Keeping in Tune, and also for retaining in a most remarkable degree their original fulness of tone—never growing thin or wiry with age.

The Emerson Upright Pianos especially have obtained a remarkable success during the past few years, and have invariably received a high award wherever exhibited. In all the essential qualities of a First-Class Instrument they are second to no pianos manufactured in the country. Send for illustrated Catalogue to the Emerson Piano Company, 116 Boylston St., Boston Mass.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED PLEASURE TOURS

FLORIDA. January 30th, February 13th and 27th. March 13th and 27th. Two weeks in the Land of Flowers on the first four tours, while tickets for last tour are good to return until May 31st. Special trains of Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars. Rate from New York $70.00, from Philadelphia $48.00. Proportionate rates from other points.

WASHINGTON. January 18th, February 22d. April 12th, May 3d and 24th. Three-day tours to the National Capital, covering railroad fare and hotel accommodation. Rate from New York $13.00 and $13.50, from Philadelphia $11.00.

TOURIST AGENT AND CHAPERON ACCOMPANY EACH PARTY.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to Tourist Agent, 233 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia; 1196 Broadway, New York; 860 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; or 305 Washington Street, Boston.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass. Agt. GEO. W. BOYD, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt.
1-19-10t.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

The undersigned has several houses for rent. Apply to Dr. H. A. Robbins, Bloomsburg. 1-26-10t.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Early Risers. Early Risers. Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

- FOR -
DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION
AND
STOMACH TROUBLES
TAKE
MEREDITH'S DIAMOND CLUB PURE RYE
Without equal as a stimulant and tonic. Chemically Pure and Indorsed by Physicians. Sold by all Druggists.
MEREDITH'S PURE MALT FOR ALL PULMONARY AND BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.
G.W. MEREDITH & CO., Sole Proprietors, PITTSBURGH, PA., and EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.
Sept. 8, 1 yr.

Fine PHOTO GRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg.
The best are the cheapest.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN

VARIOUS NOTES.

Keeping a winter dairy teaches a farmer very much in regard to the worth of different fodder crops.—R. C. Smith.

Between 200,000 and 300,000 barrels of American cotton-seed oil were sent to Europe last year, where it was made into "butter."

If you are in the habit of trading your butter for groceries, why not try to sell it direct to those who eat it?—National Stockman.

Garden seeds should be kept in a dry and not too cold place. Label each variety so there will be no mistake when the planting time comes.

Some of these days we shall see intensive methods applied to the production of grain crops, with results that are now hardly imagined.—Maine Farmer.

If you value your machinery oil well the parts liable to rust and put under a tight shingle roof. More machinery is rusted and rotted than worn out.—Nebraska Farmer.

The pig is more sensitive to cold than any other domestic animal. It has less hair for protection, and in the improved breeds this natural covering has been made less than it formerly was.

Animals do not relish food that is the same thing every day, even though they accept it. A varied diet increases the appetite, promotes health and permits of greater gain in all directions.—Farm and Fireside.

In all the history and theory of breeding nothing seems so much required to be told over and over again as the fact that to breed for a quality it is necessary to breed from animals that have that quality.—Colman's Rural World.

Agriculture can be made more nearly an exact science by the application of irrigation to the soil, than by any other means whatever. It prevents drought and makes crops certain, and thus fixes the earning power and value of the land.

Speaking of veterinary science, it is a good thing to know how to cure an animal that is sick, but far better to keep a well one well. Good food and absolute cleanliness are the means by which that may generally be accomplished.

Wherever trees are abundant leaves are often a nuisance. The very best purpose they can be put to is to enrich the soil. It does not take long to bury them if nothing else is done with them, and in a year or less they form excellent plant food.

Talk about the love of money! Why, there are a vast number of men who love their own old notion of doing a thing more than they do money. Even greater profit will not tempt them to imbibe newer and better ideas of handling their cows.—Hoard's Dairyman.

With fresh manure at all times available, farmers could have all the mushrooms they want all the year through by making beds in barn cellars and similar places. Many are now raising them successfully who at one time never dreamed of it.—Practical Farmer.

Remember that sweet, home-cured salt pork, bacon, ham, sausage, headcheese, etc., are appreciated as much by wealthy townspeople as by yourself and family, and will bring an extra price if you find the right buyers. Will it pay to sell the whole lot of pork at whole-hog rates?—American Agriculturist.

If feathered stock is rightly managed diseases of fowls will be comparatively rare. Breeding "in-and-in," or breeding "close," even, is productive of more delicacies of constitution than most poultry keepers are aware of. It is bad business to be fussing with sick fowls. Better breed right.—American Poultry Yard.

In nuts, the most prominent display at the World's Fair was a collection of English walnuts by Los Nietos and Ranchito Walnut Growers' Association, of Riviera, Cal. These nuts were shown in a brilliant glass tower some twenty-five feet high. George W. Ford, of Santa Anna, Cal., showed fifteen varieties of walnuts.

We observe in several agricultural journals favorable mention of what is called the improved dwarf Rocky Mountain cherry, which is said to be a spreading bush not more than four feet high, with fruit ripening a month later than the Morello varieties, and of fair, but uneven, quality. The bushes are said to fruit while very young and to bear every year.

Some men have an idea that land is resting and being renovated when it is used for pasture. This is true just to the degree that more plant food is put on than is taken off. Pastured with sheep, land will usually recuperate somewhat. With beef and dairy cattle, however, the reverse is true, and the plant food is apt to walk off to market.—Practical Farmer.

The Watsonville Beet Sugar factory in California is the largest of the three factories in that State. It has a capacity of 800 tons of beets per day and 1,000,000 pounds of sugar per week. Nearly 200 men are employed in working the beets into sugar. The price of beets is $5 per ton, and twenty tons per acre is an average yield. One farmer grew 225 acres and cleared $11,000 after paying all expenses. It takes about four months to work up the crop. In this time $350,000 is paid for beets, $50,000 for wood and $50,000 for wages.

Draining Wheat Fields.

If no other method has been devised for draining wheat fields which are sometimes too wet, it will pay to plow furrows from the lowest spot to some lower point outside. Every experienced wheat grower knows that if water is allowed to stand upon the ground late in the fall the crop will not only be directly injured thereby, but will also be liable to be severely damaged by "winter killing," and it should be the aim to prevent, as far as possible, both of these evils. A heavy rain will do little damage to a wheat field if provision is made for the prompt removal of the surplus water, while a moderate crop if upon undrained land which is already too wet will cause the destruction of many of the plants, and largely reduce the possible yield of the crop. While thorough drainage is much to be desired, any makeshift which can be executed, it is much better to adopt the most imperfect plan recommended above than it is to make no provision for the protection of the crop from injury by an excess of moisture in the soil.

THE RASPBERRY CROP.

How the Cultivation May be Made Profitable.

Bulletin 57 of the Cornell Experiment Station, on Raspberries and Blackberries, by Fred W. Card, is a production of much value, its twenty-five pages containing information on the management of these fruits which will be particularly useful. A leading object of Mr. Card is to promote their growth as a farm crop, and to show in what way this may be made profitable. The facility with which the evaporated berries may be conveyed to market is greatly in their favor, and this is contrasted with potatoes as a farm crop, a load of a ton and a half being worth only from $30 to $40, while an equal weight of evaporated berries would be worth, on an average, about $600, with an item of only $1.50 for drawing to the railway station. Taking the average crop furnished by a large number of cultivators at from 70 to 80 bushels to the acre, and with the berry harvester gathering the crop at half a cent a quart, clearing and marketing, and rent of land at $100 an acre, a fair profit is left to the owner. About ten pounds of dried fruit is obtained from a bushel.

The berry harvester, on which the crop is secured, greatly reduces the labor and cost of gathering, and the result answers well for evaporating, but as it subjects the berries to some bruising it would not be adapted to fine or fancy crops which are sold whole in market. The reports of many growers show that a man will average from 8 to 10 bushels a day with the harvester, and more with the best picking. In one case two men and two girls gathered thirty-five bushels with ordinary work, a part in the field only a portion of the time. The crop is run through a fanning mill to clear out the leaves, green berries and litter.

Raw sod should be avoided in preparing for planting. It needs a very thorough preparation. Spring planting is best, but fall planting may be done in shallow furrows, the plants to be then well mulched through winter. Prune back the young plants closely.

These are some of the directions given to those about commencing the culture of these berries, but we cannot even allude to the many items of value, such as pointing out the value of varieties, the superiority of the Ohio, the most suitable soils, the best manures, modes of pruning, forming plantations, continued cultivation, effect of spraying, uselessness of thinning and drying under glass. These are mostly well described, and the cultivator cannot fail to find useful points for practice.

Experiments in Plowing.

Mr. Knox, a veteran plow-maker, has called our attention to the effect of deep plowing or some soils to offset the danger from lack of rains in dry seasons. Some years ago an experiment was made by a western Massachusetts farmer in plowing portions of a large field at varying depths. One part was turned over seven inches deep, another ten inches, and a third, after being plowed ten inches, was subsoiled to the depth of ten inches more, making a soil comparatively loose to the depth of twenty inches. The next year, which was a dry one during the summer, corn was grown upon the whole field, which was treated uniformly throughout, and the yield of the three divisions carefully measured. The seven-inch plowing yielded as well as the ordinary fields in the vicinity. That part plowed ten inches deep was greener all through the season, and gave decidedly better yield, but that which was plowed ten inches and subsoiled ten inches in addition produced just one-third more corn than that plowed in the usual way, seven inches deep. The next year the whole field was by agreement sowed to oats, as a continuation of the experiment, the season proving even drier than the preceding one, when corn was grown. When the oats were about ready to cut Mr. Knox, being in the neighborhood, called to see them. Before reaching the farm the field came in view from the car windows, and Mr. Knox, who was on the lookout, said to a companion that the gentleman had not done as he agreed, for he could see that he had sown different kinds of grain upon the different plots, the size and color of the growth both marking the lines, dividing the land plowed at three different depths. But on arriving at the field he found nothing but oats, and as stated by the owner, all sown on the same day, and treated precisely alike in every respect.

On the shallow plowed section the growth was short and the straw yellow; on the ten-inch plowing the oats were taller and less yellow, while on the sub-soiled portion they were green and very heavy. The final tests showed full one-third more grain on the subsoiled part than on that which was plowed only seven inches deep.

Now, it will not do for farmers to calculate that deeply stirring every kind of soils would alone add 50 per cent. in the yield of crops grown upon them the following two years, for they would doubtless be disappointed in very many cases. Yet, as a rule, a deep, mellow soil from which surplus water can readily settle without making the land into mortar, and through which the same moisture can again freely rise by capillary attraction, other things being equal, will always bring a farmer the better results.

There are soils which naturally are never too wet, and rarely too dry, and it will usually be found on examination that they are in the same mechanical condition for a considerable depth, say two feet or more, that one likes to have his surface soil light, friable and containing a due proportion of vegetable matter. They will also be found to contain sand and clay in about the right proportion to keep the soil both mellow and moist through the varying climatic conditions. Deep plowing of stiff clays is often dangerous at first; but a good dry soil suits all kinds of crops in all kinds of weather. Deep plowing tends to make such a soil, but this alone will not always be sufficient. Draining and manuring must accompany deep plowing.

Potatoes in Winter.

Potatoes stored in cellars in some cases rot. To check or prevent this, keep the cellar as cool as possible without freezing. Then scatter quick-lime over them. This is of threefold benefit. It keeps them from rotting, makes the potatoes dryer and better, and disinfects the atmosphere, preserving the family from malarial fevers.

High Living,

if you keep at it, is apt to tell upon the liver. The things to prevent this are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Take one of these little Pellets for a corrective or gentle laxative—three for a Cathartic. They're the smallest, easiest to take, pleasantest and most natural in the way they act. They do *permanent* good. Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headache, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured. They're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction in every case, or your money is returned.

The worst cases of Chronic Catarrh in the Head yield to Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. So certain is it that its makers offer $500 reward for an incurable case.

Lafayette College.

President Warfield has sent us the new catalogue of Latayette College, which shows an attendance of 309 students, of whom 209 are from Pennsylvania. Nineteen competitive prizes are offered in mathematics, philosophy, oratory and languages. The libraries number over twenty-five thousand volumes. The astronomical observatory, the chemical and physical halls, and the new gymnasium are superior buildings well equipped for their objects. The present Senior class numbers 53. Copies of the catalogue can be had by addressing the Registrar of the college, at Easton, Pa. In the attendance of students we notice the names of a number who were prepared for College in the State Normal School here.

Nine-tenths of the candidates for admission to the University of Chicago this year were admitted.

What will do it?

MEDICAL writers claim that the successful remedy for nasal catarrh must be non-irritating, easy of application, and one that will reach the remote sores and ulcerated surfaces The history of the efforts to treat catarrh is proof positive that only one remedy has completely met these conditions, and that is Ely's Cream Balm. This safe and pleasant remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has ever done, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. Our druggists keep it.

A lot of new notes of the sharpest kind have just been printed and are for sale at this office. Also common receipts, estate receipts, and collectors' receipts, neatly bound in books of 25, 50 and 100. tf.

Rochester University has decided to admit women in all courses offered by the institution.

THE WORKING GIRL.

Miss Sallie Palmer Gives Some Suggestions to Girls About Backache, Faintness, and Dizziness.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Did you ever notice working girls on their way home from stores or factories?

Did you notice how many of them had pale cheeks, dull eyes, and heavy steps? and did you wonder why they were not ruddy and bright?

The story which is told by Miss Sallie Palmer, of Nicetown, Pa., gives the reason for this sad condition of many working girls.

Sometimes their back and sides will ache terribly. They are faint and dizzy with pain and weight in the lower part of their stomach. They watch the clock, and wish that the day would end, as they feel so ill and tired.

Standing all day, week in and week out, they have slowly drifted into woman's great enemy, displacement of the womb. That, or some other derangement of the organ, causes irregularity or suspension of the "monthly periods," bloating, flooding, or nervous prostration.

"Take warning in time," she says; "*Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound is the surest and safest remedy in the world for you."

If you wish a catalogue that only lists the very finest varieties and most popular and satisfactory sorts of

Seeds & Bulbs

both of vegetables and flowers, you will be highly pleased with my little work, beautifully illustrated, entitled *Popular Seeds and Bulbs for Spring Planting* It offers the popular and reliable sorts of vegetables, those that the average private gardener will find best suited to his needs, and fine *imported* flower seeds and bulbs that will excite the interest of every enthusiastic amateur grower. Several fine novelties. Cat. free if this paper is mentioned. L. R. Benedict, Ellenville, Ulster Co., N.Y.

1-12-8t.

A PRETTY HOWDY-DO

The mild winter and hard times have left us with an enormous stock of MEN'S OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS, BIG AND LITTLE BOYS' CLOTHING.

We have marked everything away down. One dollar now counts two at our store in the purchase of clothes.

BROWNING, KING & CO.

910-912 CHESTNUT STREET.

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The Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works

on West St. between 2nd and 3rd, are now prepared to do all kinds of

Mens' Suits, Ladies' Dresses and Coats,

Shawls, and every description of wearing apparel. Also, we do scouring, cleaning and pressing of goods that do not need dyeing, and make them clean and sweet as new.

Goods sent by express should be addressed

Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works.

Sleighs! Sleighs! Sleighs!

We have just received an invoice of new sleighs.

Stylish PORTLAND CUTTERS, Comfortables SWELL BODIES, Light and Heavy BOB SLEDS.

The material and workmanship are the best, and the prices as low as the lowest.

Don't wait to buy a sleigh until the good sleighing comes, for the supply is limited.

D. W. KITCHEN,

BLOOMSBURG, - - Penna.

FREE TRIALS convince the skeptic and point the way which if followed leads to VIGOROUS HEALTH FOR MEN

Prof. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED Pastille

Has been put up in a proprietary form since 1888, and has been used for years prior to that time in private practice. It is no untried nostrum, of doubtful reputation, but a genuine specific for a very prevalent disease. Thousands of men, of all ages, have at some time in life brought on nervous debility and exhaustion, with orgasmic weakness, by over brain work, excesses, too frequent indulgence or indiscretion and vicious habits, and it is to these that we offer a remedy that will, by its direct action upon the seat of the disease, stop the drain and restore the patient to vigorous health and strength.

Our method of introducing

Prof. Harris' Pastille

treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of expense beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out, and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment.

Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their sexual condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: **$3.00 for one month; $5.00 for two months; $7.00 for three months.**

These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

All communications confidential and should be addressed to

The HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists

99 Beekman St., NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.

TEN YEARS ESTABLISHED HERE. CAPITAL $3,000,000

1-12-1yr. N. C. & Co.

General or local Ladies or gents. Agents. $75 a week. Exclusive territory. The Rapid Dish Washer. Washes all the dishes for a family in one minute. Washes, rinses and dries them without wetting the hands. You push the button, the machine does the rest. Bright, polished dishes, and cheerful wives. No scalded fingers, needless labor over clothing. No broken dishes, no muss. Cheap, durable, warranted. Circulars free.

W. P. HARRISON & CO., Clerk No. 12, Columbus, O.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgage.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at Less Cost than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, County, or town, sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C. (Opposite U. S. Patent Office.)

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.

CATARRH

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N.Y.

PATENTS

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

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LIMITED.

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PIANOS.

By the following well-known makers:

Chickering,

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Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers' prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

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Catalogue and Price Lists On application.

CROWN ACME,

The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil

IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

CROWN - ACME

—:o:—

The Atlantic Refining Co.,

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

WARMING THE HOUSE.

An Economic Method for People of Moderate Means.

The Writer Considers Portable Furnaces Better and Cheaper Than Stoves—Diagrams Showing Location of Different Pipes.

I write for farmers and people of moderate means; the plan described is within the reach of most people. For economy and ease of putting in operation, the portable furnaces now made by many reliable parties have no superior. A large furnace is needed for a large house—42 inches diameter is an excellent size. My house is of brick, 34x36 feet; stands north and south, front entrance on north side; is two stories, with cellar under the whole; ground floor has parlor the whole length on the west side, two rooms and inclosed porch on east side; second story has four chambers and bathroom; both floors are well and thoroughly warmed with one 42-inch portable furnace.

The proper location of the furnace in the cellar is of the first importance; it should be in the northwest corner, as

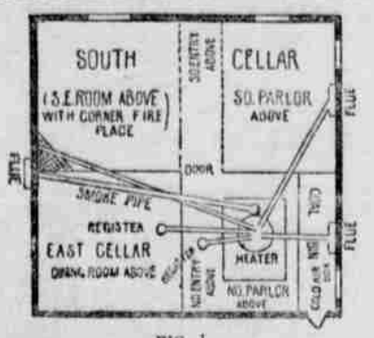

FIG. 1.

the high, cold winds come from that quarter, and there is no trouble to get the heat to go in a southerly direction in cold weather. After locating your furnace, dig a hole in the cellar bottom where it is to stand, 8x10 feet and 2 feet deep; wall with brick and floor with same; this is needed to give a proper inclination to the heat pipes, and to keep the furnace from being too near the floor above it. If there is an entry in the middle of the house put a register in the floor at or near the north end of it; this will temper the whole house in cold weather. Heat pipes can be taken from the furnace into all the rooms; these pipes should all have dampers in them in the cellar near the furnace, so as to control the distribution of heat to each room as it may be needed.

Good dry seasoned wood cut in one-foot lengths can be used with great satisfaction; fill the fire pot full of it, and when once well on fire, close all bottom drafts; leave the damper in smoke pipe open just enough to carry off the smoke, and it will run all day without any further care. Such a furnace can be put up complete to warm such a house, with heat pipes and registers to every room, for $200. My fuel (hard coal) for this furnace and kitchen range costs an average of 27 cents a day throughout the year. The cold air is taken from out of doors on the north side of the house to the base of the furnace in a wooden box 8 by 10 inches; the box projects 18 inches from the house, and has a partition in it 2½ feet long; the sides of projection are cut sloping, and covered with wire to keep out vermin. By this arrangement all northerly winds are caught and conducted to the furnace; it should have a damper in it to control the air supply in times of high wind. We have no use for inside doors in this house.

In a warm climate, I believe a furnace in a cellar (north side) directly under the entry, with one hot-air pipe into the entry, will be ample for warming this house comfortably; this can be done for $125 or less.

Fig. 1 is cellar floor, showing smoke pipe and tin pipes for conveying heat to upper floors. Tin pipes are run up each flue to the second or chamber floor, which added much to the cost, as each room thus has its own independent heat supply. There is one register in entry and one in dining-room on first floor; two registers in parlor on the west side where flues are marked also two on second floor west, one in

FIG. 2.

each chamber; in southeast room, first floor; a register in corner fireplace and same in southeast chamber. The dotted lines represent first floor division of rooms.

Fig. 2 shows portion of air box with pointed end covered with wire netting.—J. G. Williams, in Country Gentleman.

For Milady's Fair Face.

There are few women who have not had at some time or another use for a face powder, even though as a rule they eschew anything on that order. A violet powder which can be commended is composed of wheat starch, three pounds; powdered orris, half-pound. Mix together and add attar of lemon, one-eighth of an ounce; attars of bergamot and cloves, each, one-half drachm. For those troublesome blackheads that so disfigure the face that is blessed with the most classical features the following compound works wonders: Take kaolin, four drachms; glycerine, three drachms; acetic acid, two drachms, and oil of lemon, five drops. Apply this every night and after a few days the black specks can be easily pressed out, or most of them will even come out by washing with pumicestone soap.

Carved Leather Cushions.

EMBOSSED and carved leather cushions decorated in colors are laced together with narrow thongs of leather without a stitch being taken in them; these are liked for hall seats, for libraries and for men's rooms.

Legal Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Catharine Weaver late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of Catharine Weaver, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

or to G. E. Elwell, Atty.

CHAS. W. FUNSTON, Administrator cum testamento annexo.

1-26-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Michael, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John Michael, late of Mifflin township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

1-26-6t. SARAH MICHAEL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Garret Vanblarigan, late of Beaver township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Garret Vanblarigan, late of Beaver township, deceased, have been granted to John A. Hoffman, resident of Mifflinville, Columbia county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

WM. H. SNYDER, Atty. JOHN A. HOFFMAN, Executor.

1-19-6t*

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Assigned Estate of I. W. McKelvy.

Notice is hereby given that I. W. McKelvy has made a general assignment of all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said I. W. McKelvy are requested to make payment at the store late of said I. W. McKelvy in Bloomsburg, to me, and those having claims to present them without delay to

2-23-6t. A. Z. SCHOCH, Assignee, Bloomsburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Matilda Ann Zimmerman.

The undersigned appointed an Auditor on exceptions, and to make distribution of the funds in the hands of E. Marvin Tewksbury, Guardian of Matilda Ann Zimmerman, a minor grand child, deceased, of Thomas Knorr, deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, March 27th, 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper and make claim or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

I. E. WALLER, 2-23- t. a. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of M. G. Hughes, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators, on Saturday, March 24, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m. will sit at his office in Bloomsburg when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

2-23-3t. B. F. ZARR, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Shuman, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administratrix to and among the parties entitled thereto, on Saturday, March 17th, '94, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and present their claims, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

2-23-3t. GRANT HERRING, Auditor.

NOTICE.

C. H. Campbell, the retiring Recorder of Deeds of the County, gives notice that he has placed in the hands of John M. Clark Esq., of Bloomsburg, whose office is located in Moyer's Building, all papers recorded and unpaid for. Owners of all such papers will please call on him and pay fees and receive their papers within a reasonable time or the fees will be collected according to law.

1-5-tf. C. H. CAMPBELL.

A BREAKFAST APPETITE

CAN BEST BE AIDED BY

THE NEWS of the WORLD

CONCISELY TOLD AND BRIGHTLY COMMENTED UPON.

THE PATRIOT is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day.

It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the state and the only one printed at the State Capital, the official and political center of the Commonwealth

It prints the news, receiving it over its own wires through the extraordinary facilities of the great Press Association, aided by its own correspondents.

THE PATRIOT is Democratic to the core. It is opposed to bosses and an enemy of corrupt monopolies. It isn't afraid to fight the wrong; it never hesitates to speak for the right.

It makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all the other State papers combined.

The leading question during the winter will be Tariff Reform. In November next Pennsylvania will elect a Governor, members of Congress, and a State Legislature. The man who desires to keep informed must read, and the man who reads should get **THE PATRIOT,** daily or weekly.

To place **THE PATRIOT** in the hands of a yet larger constituency we will send the DAILY from now until March 1, 1895, by mail to any new subscriber on receipt of FIVE DOLLARS. The WEEKLY will be sent to any new subscriber from now until March 1, 1895, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR.

THE PATRIOT is the best advertising medium in Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

Free to the Unemployed: It inserts without charge advertisements of those wanting employment. Its Help Order has brought assistance to hundreds. It has a cent a word Want Column for other wants.

DAILY, every week-day morning in the year. **$5** a year.

WEEKLY, Tuesday evening of each week, **$1** a year.

THE PATRIOT COMPANY,

2-3-6t **Harrisburg, Pa.**

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,

C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

$3,000.00 A YEAR FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.

If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $5.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We furnish you with something that is new, novel, and entirely free. A book brimful of advice is free to all. Help yourself by writing for it to-day—not to-morrow. Delays are costly.

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box 420, AUGUSTA, MAINE.

MANAGER WANTED IN EACH COUNTY.

A large corporation wants an energetic man to open a branch office and appoint and instruct agents to sell their goods. They will furnish all necessary printed matter and material. $1,200 to $2,000 per year can easily be made, with a splendid chance for promotion to hustlers. No canvassing—only writing and soliciting agents through the mails and instructing them how to sell. No experience necessary—they teach you how to conduct the business. Goods are well known and large sales guaranteed. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for full particulars to **The Clipper Mfg. Co. Cincinnati, O.**

1-12-6t.

A Remarkable Offer to Ladies.

The Consumers Wholesale Tea & Spice Co., of Cincinnati, are offering Ladies a grand opportunity to earn some useful and ornamental household goods, without much effort on their part and absolutely without their having to invest any money.

They offer to give as a premium a set of Silver-Plated Knives and Forks to any lady getting up a club order, among her friends, of $5.00 worth of their Teas, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Baking Powder, Complexion Soap, etc., or a set of finely decorated China Dishes for a $12.00 club order, also a choice of 100 valuable premiums for clubs of different amounts.

They ship the goods together with premiums, all charges prepaid, and give plenty of time for you to deliver the goods and collect the money before remitting to them.

They also make *"Special Offers"* of premiums to ladies who will get up club orders for the benefit of their Churches or Aid Societies, thus you can earn a fine Pulpit Bible, Reading Desk, Hymn Books, Pulpit Lamp, and many other useful articles for your Church or Sunday School.

You had better write them for full particulars. Their address is, The Consumers Wholesale Tea & Spice Co., 545 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

12-29-15t.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

AFTER NOV. 19, 1893.

Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: Sundays excepted.)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 11.45 a. m.

For Williamsport, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, 7.15 a. m, 3.32. Sunday, 7.59 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Catawissa 7.45, 11.45 a. m., 12 15, 3.15, 5.00, 6.30, p. m Sunday, 10.20 a. m. 7.15 p. m.

For Rupert 7.45, 11.45 a. m. 12.15, 3.15 5.00, 6.30, p. m. Sunday 7.59, 10.20 a. m., 4.28 7.02 p. m.

Trains for Bloomsburg

Leave New York via of Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 8.45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport 9.35 a. m., 4.25 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p.m.

Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.18, 6.10 Sunday, 7.45 a. m., 4.15, p m.

Leave Rupert 7.08, 8.27, 11.24 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.20. Sundays, 7.59, 10.13 a. m. 4.23 p. m., 6.55.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station, Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 3.50, 8.01, 11.36 a. m., 3.56, 5.42 7.16 p. m. Sundays 3.50, 8.02 11.26 a. m., 3.56, 5.42, 7.16 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00, a. m., 4.00, 5.00 p. m Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 9.00 a.m., Accomodation, 8.00 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues. Weekdays, Express, 7.30, 8.30 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Sundays.—Express, 4.00, 5.15 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Pres. & Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R.

Taking effect MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1894

SOUTH. Arrive. P M	A M	STATIONS.	NORTH. Leave A M	P M
7 25	10 40	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep	7 25	4 10
7 20	10 38	P & R. Depot.	7 28	4 13
7 18	10 36	Bloomsburg Main Street.	7 30	4 15
7 15	10 31	Irondale	7 33	4 18
7 07	10 25	Paper Mill	7 40	4 25
7 04	10 22	Lightstreet	7 43	4 29
6 54	10 12	Orangeville	7 53	4 40
6 43	10 02	Forks	8 03	4 52
6 39	9 59	Zaners	8 07	4 56
6 25	9 54	Stillwater	8 13	5 03
6 23	9 45	Benton	8 25	5 10
6 20	9 33	Edsons	8 29	5 23
6 18	9 31	Coles Creek	8 32	5 25
6 15	9 25	Sugarloaf	8 35	5 28
6 12	9 22	Laubachs	8 40	5 30
6 03	9 15	Central	8 50	5 45
6 00	9 0	Jamison City	8 55	5 50
P M	A M	Leave.	A M	P M Arrive.

Arrive. P M	A M	STATIONS.	Leave. A M	P M
8 30	7 10	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep.	6 10	7 30
8 25	7 05	P. & R. Depot	6 13	7 33
8 24	7 03	Bloomsburg Main Street	6 15	7 35
8 20	7 00	Irondale	6 17	7 37
8 13	6 52	Paper Mill	6 23	7 40
8 10	6 49	Lightstreet	6 26	7 43
8 00	6 40	Orangeville	6 35	7 53
P M	A M	Leave.	A M	P M Arrive.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

2-9-1t. d.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 53
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 58
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6 05
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	6 23
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 36
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 42
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 46
Briarcreek	7 41	....	....	6 50
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 14	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 24
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 30
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	.	7 44
Plymouth	8 33	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 03	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Maltby	8 52	4 12	.....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8 25
Duryea	9 14	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8 32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 47
Scranton	9 35	4 55	12 45	8 52
STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	M

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 17	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 19	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 31
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 52	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 03
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 33	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 53	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 35	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	..	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 51	8 08
Espy	8 21	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 43	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 28	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	....	4 46	....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
Northumberland	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, W llamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect Dec, 31, 1893 Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:51 p. m.; Baltimore, 5:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:20 p. m.; New York, 10:08 p. m.; Baltimore 7:20 p. m.; Washington 8:37 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 3:51 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 1:30 a. m.; New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:30 a m-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a m., New York 9:31 a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 9:35 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars to Buffalo and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:18 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:55—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:44 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Ralston and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.-Train 13 daily for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:20 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:47 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m, Philadelphia 12: 5 p. m., Washington 11:05 a. m., Baltimore 12:00 noon, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 7:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m, weekdays 2:00 p. m, Sunday, Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays; 4.30 p. m. Sunday. Washington 8:15 p. m., Baltimore 6:12 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:25 p. m Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:30 p. m, Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 a. m. weekdays, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m., Baltimore 7:40 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:08 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12:10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:47 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:33 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 8:00 p. m. Hazleton 7:56 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9.35 a. m.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m, Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 4:40 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:03 p. m., Sunbury 7:00 p. m.

S. M. PRETOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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ATTORNEY AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Columbian building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
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Mrs. Ents' Building,
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H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.

WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office Wirt Building.) 1-12-'94.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. M. J. HESS,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
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DR. ANDREW CRAYDON
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* MARKET STREET *
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H. BIERMAN, M. D.
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Until 9 A. M., Bloomsburg, Pa.
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M.

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Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

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Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
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All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman.)
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,592
Penn'a, Phila.	400,000	3,895,160	1,419,555
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,558,915	1,021,628
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	436,780
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,725

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN. F. KNAPP,
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Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

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Farm property a specialty. 4-22-1y.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
JAMES McCLOSKEY Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
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Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

ST. ELMO HOTEL.
MAIN STREET NEAR IRON.
Having purchased this hotel from J. L. Girton, I respectfully ask a fair share of public patronage. The house is provided with all modern conveniences, the table is supplied in first class style, and the bar is stocked with cine wines, liquors and cigars.
H. F. Dietterich, PROPRIETOR.
Dec. 8, 1 yr.

PAINTING & PAPER HANGING.
WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED,
Estimates given on Application.
W. C. SHAW,
Fourth Street. – Bloomsburg,

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED FOR INformation address D. E. WHITENIGHT, Tamaqua, Schuylkill Co., Pa. 5-5-1y.

ROOMS FOR YOUNG MEN.—M. M. PHILLIPS has very desirable furnished rooms for six young men. Bath room adjoining, for use of occupants of the rooms. Call and examine. 5-19-tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

WATER POWER MILL OF DR. JOHN F. CHAPIN at Benton, Col. Co., Pa., is for rent. Apply to CHARLES G. BARKLEY, Bloomsburg, Pa. 2-2-3t.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

SALES.

MAR. 13—Jacob Andes will sell horses, cows, wagons, farm machinery, harness, and many other articles at 10 o'clock a. m.

TUESDAY, MAR. 20.—At nine o'clock a. m., on the premises in Scott township, valuable personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farm implements, grain, hay &c., by Funk & Petriken. See bills.

Justices and Constables Fee Bill.

Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1893, at the COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents

WALLER.

Miss Alverda Everhart has returned after a few weeks visit among friends in Bloomsburg.

Daniel Brink, son of William Brink of this place, brought a car load of horses from the western states and disposed of them in this vicinity at very good prices. Mr. Brink knows what a good horse is.

The warm weather got mixed up with the snow so much that despite the thermometer registering zero at noon some places last Saturday, our sleighing is about as good as gone, yet there is plenty of snow in the woods and on the north side of the hills.

Bruce Kitchen and Minnie Wagner, of Divide, were united by the Rev. Mr. Houtz, in the bonds of matrimony last Thursday.

The Pomeroy family of singers exhibited in the Union church at this place on Tuesday evening to a highly appreciative audience.

Mrs. Vanderslice and daughter Angie, accompanied by Mrs. Hartman and Mrs. Chrisman, took leave of their homes in Bloomsburg on Saturday, and spent Sunday with Miss W. L. Yorks at Divide.

Notwithstanding the scarcity of snow, sleighing parties are of almost nightly occurrence and some of them when aggregating from fifty to a hundred merry fun loving young people, make things lively even in these times of distress financially.

Abner Everhart, who is engaged in Wilkesbarre, is home nursing a sprained wrist, which received a severe wrench while helping unload some building material.

EAST BENTON.

Last Sunday morning was an intensely cold morning.

Washington's "Birth Day" was approprately observed at 'Cambra the 22 of February. The P. O. S. of A. from various camps was represented in a body. In the forenoon they raised a flag at the Cambra school house, and then feasted sumptuously on oysters and other palatable delicacies, prepared by the host, F. M. Lutz of the Cambria "Temperance House.' Promptly at 1.30 o'clock the multitude repaired to the beautiful Christian chapel, the order of P. O. S. of A, in regalia, and flying colors, filed in to the church, where the large assembly was treated with exquisite music Stanley McHenry offiriating at the organ, after which Rev. Ruply of Catawissa delivered a patriotic speech which was received with much applause.

PUT UP

—in glass vials, hermetically sealed, and always fresh — is the way Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets come. When you take pills it's an important point to have them small—provided they have equal strength and efficacy. You'll find what you want in these little liver pills of Dr. Pierce. They're put up in a better way, and they *act* in a better way, than the huge old-fashioned pills. What you want when you're "all out of sorts"—grumpy, thick-headed and take a gloomy view of life, is these Pellets to clear up your system and start your liver into healthful action. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured. They're *the cheapest* pill you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

RESULTS OF THE ELECTION.

THE DEMOCRATS CARRY ONLY FOUR CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

The Democrats carried only four congressional districts, and two of these by very small majorities, at the late election. In the First district Grow's plurality was 11,135, while that of General Bingham was 9,215; in the Second 9,715, or 2,665 more than the late Charles O'Niell received. Hancock won by a plurality of 261 in the Third, Congressman McAleer's; Grow's plurality in the Fourth was 18,545, or 4,925 greater than that received by John. E. Reyburn. In the Fifth Grow's plurality reached 20,222 or 11,010 larger than that obtained by Alfred C. Harmer.

Grow's plurality in the Sixth, composed of Chester and Delaware, was 7,691, 2,500 increase of that received by John B. Robinson, and in the Seventh, composed of Montgomery and Bucks, 3,808, 3,629 more than that cast for Irving P. Wanger. Hancock carried the Eighth, consisting of Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon, by 2,821 plurality, 3,423 less than that received by the late William Mutchler. The Ninth, composed of Berks and Lehigh, was carried by Hancock by 3,832 plurality, 7,126 less than that received by Congressman Erdman. In the Tenth, Lancaster county, Grow had 9,786 plurality, 456 more than Congressman Brosius received, In the Eleventh, Lackawanna, Grow had 4,735 plurality, 4,146 greater than that obtained by Congressman Scranton. In the Twelfth, Luzerne, Grow had 3,500 plurality, while Congressman Hines' plurality was 1,492. In the Thirteenth, Schuylkill, Congressman Reilly's 1,901 was wiped out and a plurality of 1,409 polled for Grow.

The Fourteenth, consisting of Dauphin, Lebanon and Perry, gave Grow a plurality of 8558, or 3,493 greater than that received by Congressman Woomer. In the Fifteenth, consisting of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming, Congressman Wright's plurality was increased from 4,586 to 7,832 for Grow. In the Sixteenth, Grow had a plurality of 4,981, or 1,674 in excess of that received by Congressman Hopkins. In the Seventeenth, composed of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan, Congressman Wolverton's plurality of 5,303 was blotted out and a plurality of 241 given for Grow. In the Eighteenth, composed of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Snyder and Union, 1,763 was added by Grow to the plurality of 3,616 for Congress man Mahon. In the Nineteenth, composed of Adams, Cumberland and York, Hancock received a plurality of only 510, or 5,255 less than that received, by Congressman Beltzhoover.

In the Twentieth, composed of Cambria, Blair, Somerset and Bedford, Congressman Hick's plurality of 5,181 was increased by Grow to 9,407. In the Twenty-first, composed of Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana and Jefferson, Grow's plurality reached 10,440, while Congressman Heiner's was 3,697. The Twenty-second and Twenty-third districts, Allegheny county, were carried by Grow by pluralities largely exceeding those obtained by Congressmen Dalzell and Stone. The Twenty-fourth, composed of Fayette, Greene, Washington and part of Allegheny, was carried by Grow, outside of Allegheny county, by 2,118 plurality, while that of Congressman Sipe was 1,253 in the entire district.

The Twenty fifth, composed of Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Butler, was carried by Grow by 9,069 plurality; 4,970 more than that obtained by Congressman Phillips. The Twenty-sixth, composed of Crawford and Erie, gave Grow 5,931 plurality, while Congressman Sibley, the Democratic candidate, had 3,387. The Twenty-seventh, composed of Venango, Warren, McKean and Cameron, gave Grow 4,975 plurality, or 1,619 more than that cast for Congressman Stone. The Twenty-eighth, composed of Clarion, Forest, Elk, Clearfield and Centre, gave Grow 1,962 plurality. In this count Hancock is not given credit for 795 votes cast for William Denton Hancock. The majority of Congressman Kribbs, Democrat, was 4,001.

These figures are all official except those from Armstrong, Venango and York counties, which have not been filed at the state department. The vote in these three counties is semi-official.

The official returns exclusive of these three counties, give Grow a plurality of 184,600. The semi-official returns from these counties give Grow a plurality of 3,186 or 188,303 in the state including the 459 as the "protective tariff" candidate. Hancock's total vote in the state, exclusive of these counties, was 284,828; Morrow, 10,675; Markley, 2,736; Grow, as the candidate of the protective tariff policy, 457; Lotier, 5,214. Seven hundred and ninety five votes were cast in Clearfield county for "William Denton Hancock." A few scattering votes, not more than fifty in all, were cast.—*Patriot.*

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cleaenses, purifies and heals. It was madfor that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions and if you have piles use it for them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

A Glance Ahead.

Harper's Magazine for April will be a vigorous and varied number. Among its attractions will be a spirited article by Lieutenant S. A. Staunton, U. S. N., entitled "A Battle-ship in Action." The article will take the shape of a story of a supposed actual conflict between one of our best cruisers and a foreign ship of the same class, and will be very fully illustrated by Mr. R. F. Zogbaum. Mr. Poultney Bigelow will contribute an article on the "German Emperor William's Crack Stud Farm and Hunting Forest" in East Prussia. The article will be picturesquely illustrated by Mr. Frederick Remington. Mr. Edwin A. Abbey will contribute nine superb illustrations for Shakespeare's comedy "Winter's Tale. The Number will contain eight complete short stories: "Spring in a Side-Street—A Vignette of Manhattan," by Mr. Brander Matthews; "The Writing on the Wall," a story located in Egypt, by Mr. Richard Harding Davis; "The Monument to Corder," by Eva Wilder McGlasson; "An Interrupted Story," a tale of the French Revolution, by Mr. Wm. McLennan; "Their Story," by Mr. George A. Hibbard; "The Promised Land," a story of life on the plains by Mr. Owen Wister; "A Pale Girl's Face," by Mr. Ewan Macpherson; and "An Affair of the Heart," a Louisiana plantation sketch, by Miss Grace King. Mr. George W. Smalley will contribute an article on the House of Lords, entitled "The English Senate. Under the title of "A Vigorous Politician of the Olden Time," Mr. John Gilmer Speed will sketch the remarkable career of Colonel Matthew Lyon, an officer in the Revolutionary War, and afterward prominent in Vermont and Kentucky politics. Professor Arthur T. Hadley will contribute a paper on "Yale University." Poems will be contributed by Mr. W. D. Howells and Mrs. Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward. "Race," by Mr. Howells, will have a headpiece from a drawing by his daughter, Miss Mildred Howells.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than **my own case.** Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became **running sores.** Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

"I had no ambition to do anything. Hood's Sarsaparilla has made me feel like a new person." Mrs. Viola Kreider, Conestoga, Pa.

GENERAL NEWS.

☞The President accompanied by Secretary Gresham and Captain Robely Evans, Secretary of the Lighthouse Board, left Washington on Sunday evening on the lighthouse tender Violet, to take a trip down the Potomac river for several days. They visited several lighthouses and tried their hands at shooting ducks.

☞SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Feb. 25.—The drouth and cold weather are causing the death of cattle by the thousands in the Lower Rio Grande counties. During the last few weeks have been shipped from Alice Station on the San Antonio & Arkansas Pass Railway, 15,000 hides of cattle which died from starvation and exposure. Several thousand hides have also been shipped from other points in that section.

☞A dispatch from Niagara Falls says:—The annual flight of the crows, which usually takes place earlier in the Winter, has been in progress all day yesterday and to-day. The recent cold wave has driven them out of their retreat along the south shore of Lake Ontario and they have taken their usual course up the gorge of Niagara.

Millions must have passed here since their migration commenced, and the air is black with them. The whirring of their wings and their cawing sound are weird and uncanny. Numbers of them alighted on the ice bridge and created a novel sight for the hundreds of visitors. The birds branched off at Tonawanda for the pine woods and valleys of Pennsylvania.

☞Steele Mackey, the dramatist, died last Sunday on a train while on his way from Chicago to California.

☞The rescuers at the Gaylord mine at Plymouth have not yet reached the bodies of any of the buried miners, and are making but little headway.

☞Prof. Wilson, author of the Wilson bill is lying dangerously ill in the city of Mexico.

☞The affairs of the defunct State World's fair commission were closed up yesterday at a conference between Governor Pattison, Robert E. Wright of Allentown, and other members of the commission. All bills have been paid and there is still a surplus of $1,665 in the custody of Treasurer Mercur. Fifteen hundred dollars of this has been voted to General Greenland to assist in defraying the expenses of the military parade at Chicago on Pennsylvania day and the balance turned over to the state treasurer.

DR. KILMER'S **SWAMP-ROOT**

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Biliousness,

Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn, pain in chest, dyspepsia, constipation.

Poor Digestion,

Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pain in the heart.

Loss of Appetite,

A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, sleepless and all unstrung, weakness, debility. **Swamp-Root** builds up quickly a run down constitution and makes the weak strong.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For Three Generations! Mrs. Hattie Frazer, 1303 East Ave., Hamilton, O., says: Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has been used for a long time in her mother's, her own, and her daughter's family. She pronounces it an excellent cough remedy. Feb. 8, 1893.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all dealers.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Wm. H. Yohey, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of balance in the hands of the administrator, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, March 31st, 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. A. M'KILLIP, Auditor.

3-2-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Phillips, dec'd.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator of said estate, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, the twenty-third day of March, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties having any claims against the estate must present them or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

L. S. VANDERSTEEN, Auditor.

March 1, '94-4t.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

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B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

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LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

Capital Stock, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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11-19-tf

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J. G. WELLS.

Eyes examined free of charge.

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BY BUYING SHOES OF AN UNCERTAIN QUALITY.

It's a risk you can't afford to run—can't afford any way when we can supply you with an article that is beyond question. We handle the best makes of Shoes for Children. BOYS need no longer wear girls' shoes as we have a line made especially for the small Boys. Ladies who wear Spring Heeled Shoes will find a good assortment at the store of W. C. McKINNEY.

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H. J. Clark's Building, Main street.

Going to Florida This Winter?

MAKE it a pleasure trip by travelling on the Elegant Passenger Steamships of the Ocean Steamship Company,

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From New York or From Boston.

Greater Comfort at 35 to 50% less expense than by rail.

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G. M. SORREL, Manager.

1-26-1t. d

I AM NOW A **MAN!**

Chicago, Oct. 5, 1893.

"I was troubled with emissions and varicocele, and had been sexually weak for seven years. During the last four years I tried every remedy that was sold and got no relief for any of my troubles until I took **CALTHOS**—it cured and restored me and I am now a man." [Extract from one of thousands of letters received by us.]

We will send you the marvelous French preparation **CALTHOS** *free*, by sealed mail, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will

STOP All Discharges and Emissions,
CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, and
RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it & pay if satisfied.

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